Plans, Specifications, and Calculations



II.c Engineering Report – Plans, Specifications, And Calculations

II.c.1 Unit Design to include cover design; fill methods; and evaluation of final cover R315-310-3(1)(b) and R315-310-4(2)(c)(iii)_

The Bauer Solid Waste Facility is classed as a Class IVa Landfill subject to requirements outlined by Utah Administrative Code 315-305 and is therefore utilized for the disposal of specific categories of waste including C&D waste, inert waste, yard waste, and dead animals. The area permitted to receive this waste includes approximately 97 acres and, as of 2021, waste disposal operations are conducted within the southern portion of the permitted area. Over time, as southern cells reach design elevations and undergo final closure, the disposal area will move northward. For a reference exhibit providing final cover and cell floor elevations as well as a conceptual design of final buildout, please refer to **Appendix I: Figures 1 – 6**.

Following full utilization, a cell undergo closure through the installation of 18 inches of cover soil, covered with a 6 inches thick topsoil layer (using site soils), providing a total final cover thickness of 24 inches. The maximum side slopes of the finished cell shall be 3H:1V and, following the placement and contouring of final cover layers, the topsoil shall be vegetated with a mixture of range grasses indigenous to the area. Following the completion of a particular cell, the next shall begin utilization using a maximum slope of 3H:1V with a top surface proving a minimum grade of 2% in a northwesterly direction. During the course of cell-utilization the commonly used fill method on a day-to-day basis is the "canyon-fill" method, where waste is deposited at either the base or top of a lift (depending on the current landfill topographic conditions) and then pushed or compacted on the working face through the use of landfill equipment.

II.c.2 Design and location of run-on and run-off control systems R315-210-4(2)(c)(viii)

Current run-on and run-off measures include an integrated system of culverts, swales, and natural washes. Although the site is located within an area exhibiting a gradual slope from the east toward a west/southwest direction, run-on is prevented from reaching the site by an adjacent railroad spur. Therefore, an existing 36-inch diameter which had previously serviced site run-on has been put out of service upstream of the Bauer Solid Waste Facility. Run-off measures include the use of swales and natural washes.

Run-on and run-off storm water is controlled during both the open and closed phases of the disposal cells. Drainage swales are used to diverted water around the cells to the existing on-site washes to prevent ponding against the refuse and the working face would be minimized the potential for stormwater to come into contact with the waste. Final cover run-off is routed to the perimeter drainage swales and discharged to the existing washes on the property in such a manner to minimize erosion. Run-off along access roadways is controlled through the use of lowered-profile waterways and retention basins.



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II.c.2.A Run-on/Run-off Analysis

For permitting purposes, a drainage analysis was completed for the proposed cell development of the Bauer Solid Waste Facility. The site was divided into six drainage zones, which can be referenced in Appendix F: Figure SW-1.

The quantity of Run-on flow expected from the area above the landfill site was determined by assuming no run-on flow. The precipitation for the 25-year, 24-hour storm event is 2.18 inches (NOAA, Atlas 14, Volume 1) The watershed soil exhibits the properties of hydrologic group "B" (sandy loam) and sagebrush with grass that is in poor condition, with a Runoff Curve Number of 67 given by (BOR, 1977). Details of the input parameters and the model output are included in Appendix F.

The peak flow generated from the 25-year 24-hour storm event was determined for each zone by applying the National Resource Conservation Service Technical Release Number 55 (NRSC TR-55) method.

An existing detention basin currently collects all the run-off from the Compost Facility in Zone 2, with the remaining flow being routed through the natural drainages.

II.c.3 Anticipated facility life and the basis for calculating the facility's life R315-310-4(2)(c)(ii)

The remaining capacity of the Bauer Solid Waste Facility is approximately 2,855,520 tons. Tooele County will have airspace for approximately 43 years of disposal based on available fill volume with expected daily-waste disposal rates and an in-place density of 900 pounds per cubic yard (PCY). Please see Appendix I for calculated facility life projections as well as concomitant facility drawings.

II.c.4 Engineering Reports required to meet location standards R315-310-4(2)(c)(i)

As this facility represents an existing, non-expanding, permitted area, location standards are not relevant to this application.

II.c.5 Identification of borrow sources for final cover R315-310-4(2)(c)(iv)

The primary borrow source for short-medium term operations will be a designated area located in a south-central area of the site (Appendix I). However, the majority of the site will be used as a borrow source if needed (refer to Appendix A: Figure 3 for a full exhibit of the borrow area).

II.c.6 Run-off collection, treatment, and disposal and DWQ documentation R315-310-4(6)(c)(v) & R315-310-3(1)(i)

Run-on and run-off storm water is controlled during both the open and closed phases of all disposal cells. Drainage swales are used to divert water around a cell into existing, on-site, swales in order to prevent ponding against refuse. As an additional measure, the active area of



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the working face is minimized in order to further reduce the potential for stormwater to come into contact with disposed waste. Final cover run-off is routed to perimeter drainage swales and subsequently discharged into on-site retention basins in such a manner as to minimize erosion. Run-off along access roads is controlled through the use of lowered-profile waterways.

Due to the type of waste disposed (which is not as conducive to leachate production) within the landfill, as well as the classification of the facility itself, no leachate collection is required. No effluent or outflow from a leachate containment system leaves the site.

II.d Closure Requirement for all Facilities

II.d.1 Facility Closure Plan (R315-310-3(1)(h)

Closure activities shall be implemented as final grading is completed. Tooele County shall notify the Director of the intent to implement the closure plan 60 days prior to the projected date for the final receipt of waste. Implementation of the closure plan, in whole or in part, shall commence no later than 30 days after final receipt of waste or after the final elevation is attained in part of or all of the landfill cell or unit as identified in the approved facility closure plan (unless otherwise specified in the approved closure plan). Closure activities shall be completed within 180 days following their starting time. Extensions of the closure period may be granted by the Director if justification for the extension is documented by the Owner or Operator. Final covers shall be constructed as prescribed in Section II.d.3

Following completion of closure operations for a solid waste management unit or facility, Tooele County shall, within 90 days, submit the following items to the Director: closure plan sheets signed by a professional engineer registered in the State of Utah, and a certification by Tooele County, as well as a professional engineer registered in the state of Utah, that the site or unit has been closed in accordance with the approved closure plan. The certificate will require a final inspection performed by the engineer to determine if the landfill met all the closure requirements as outlined in the permit and closure plans. Inspection will include cell cover design requirements, run-on and run-off controls, and maintenance of proper final grading on the cell to promote effective drainage away from disposed materials, and site access restriction with fencing.

H.d.2 Facility Closure schedule R315-310-4(2)(d)(i)

Based on full utilization volume with projected densities and waste streams (Appendix I: Facility Life Projection Table), the approximate date of full utilization is 2064.

H.d.3 Design of final cover R315-310-4(2)(c)(iii)

The final cover designed for the Class IV cell is mandated by Utah Administrative Code 315-305 to provide a minimum soil thickness of 2 ft. for final cover, the top 6 in. of which must be topsoil

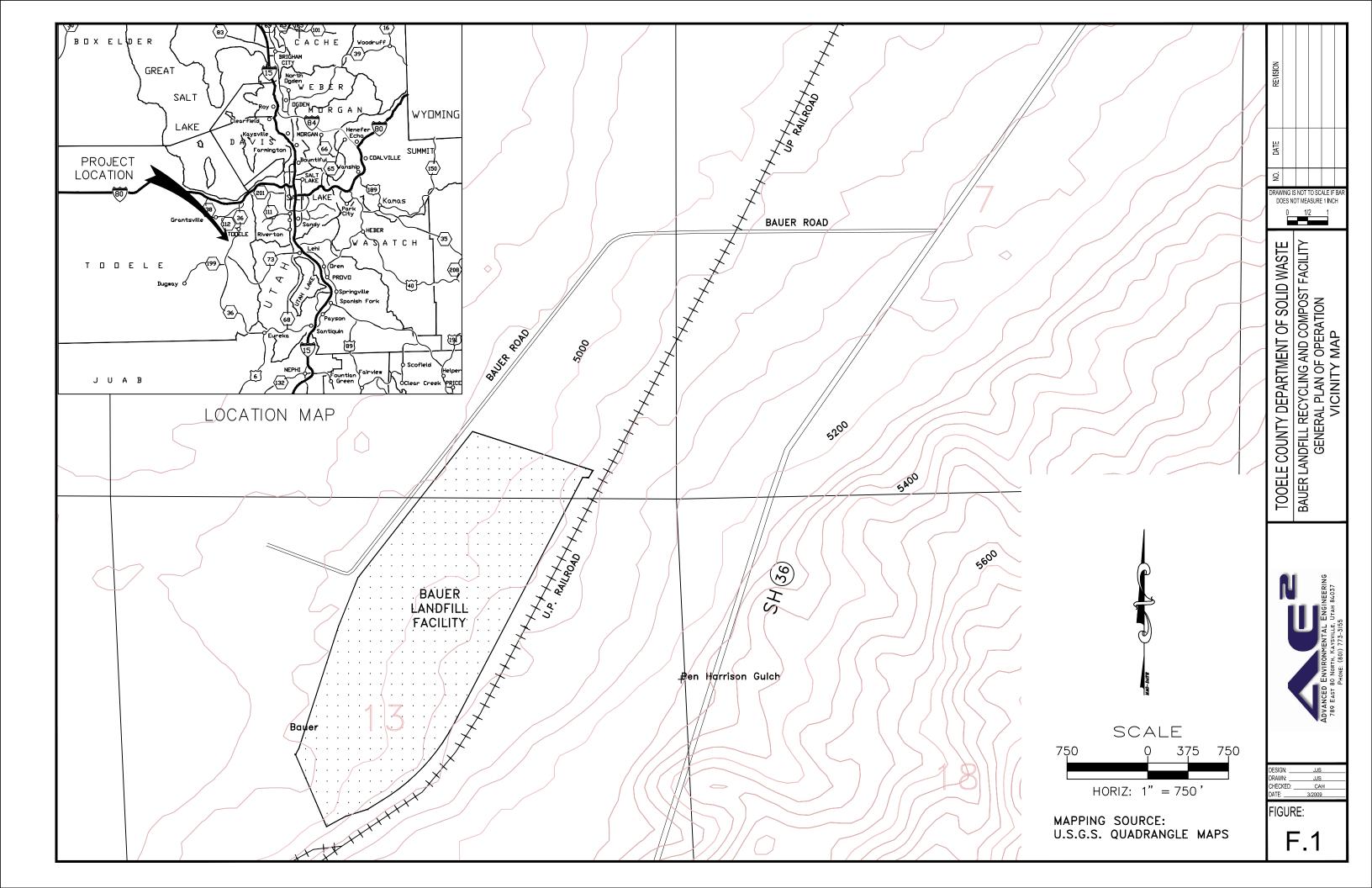


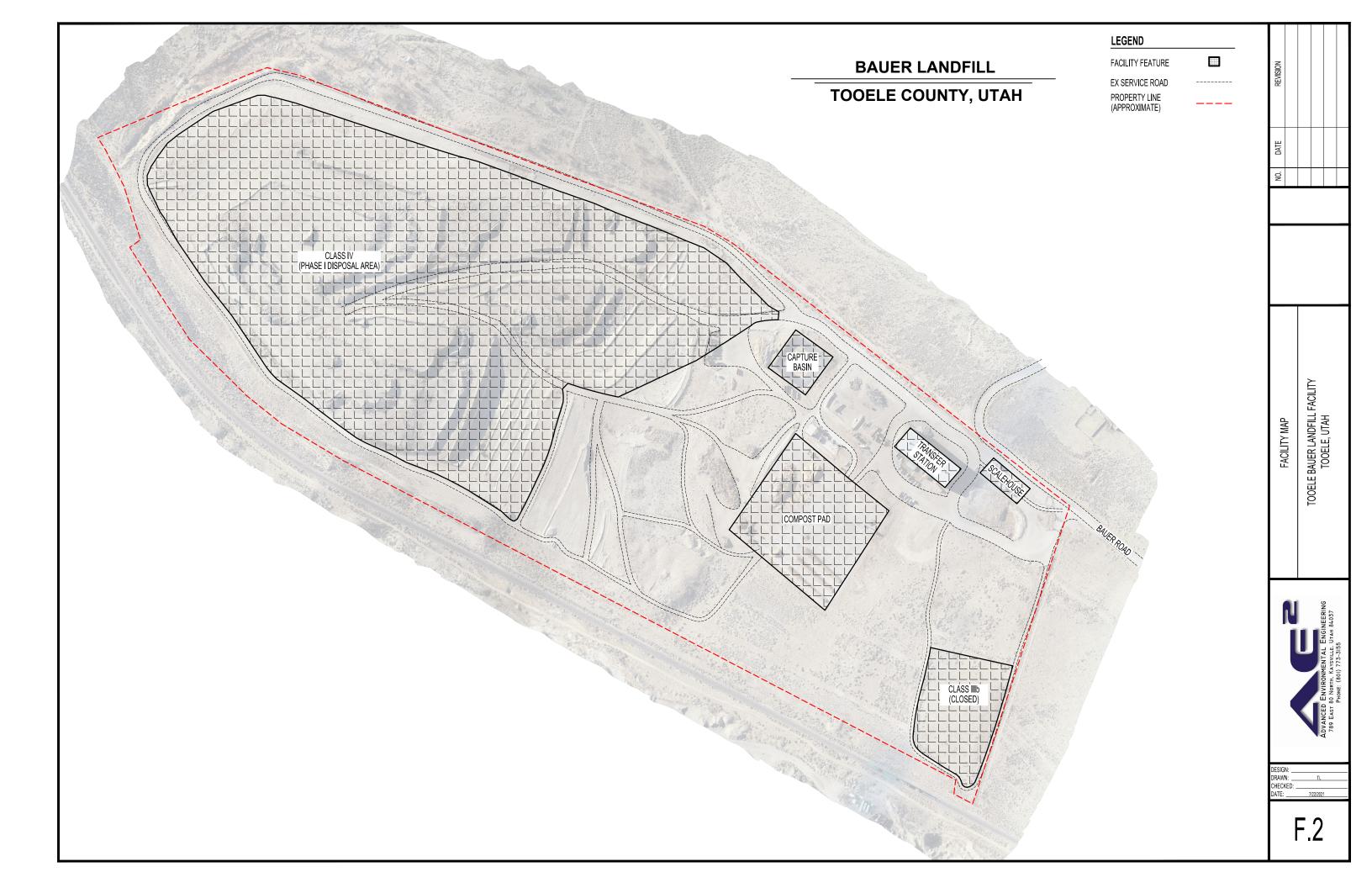
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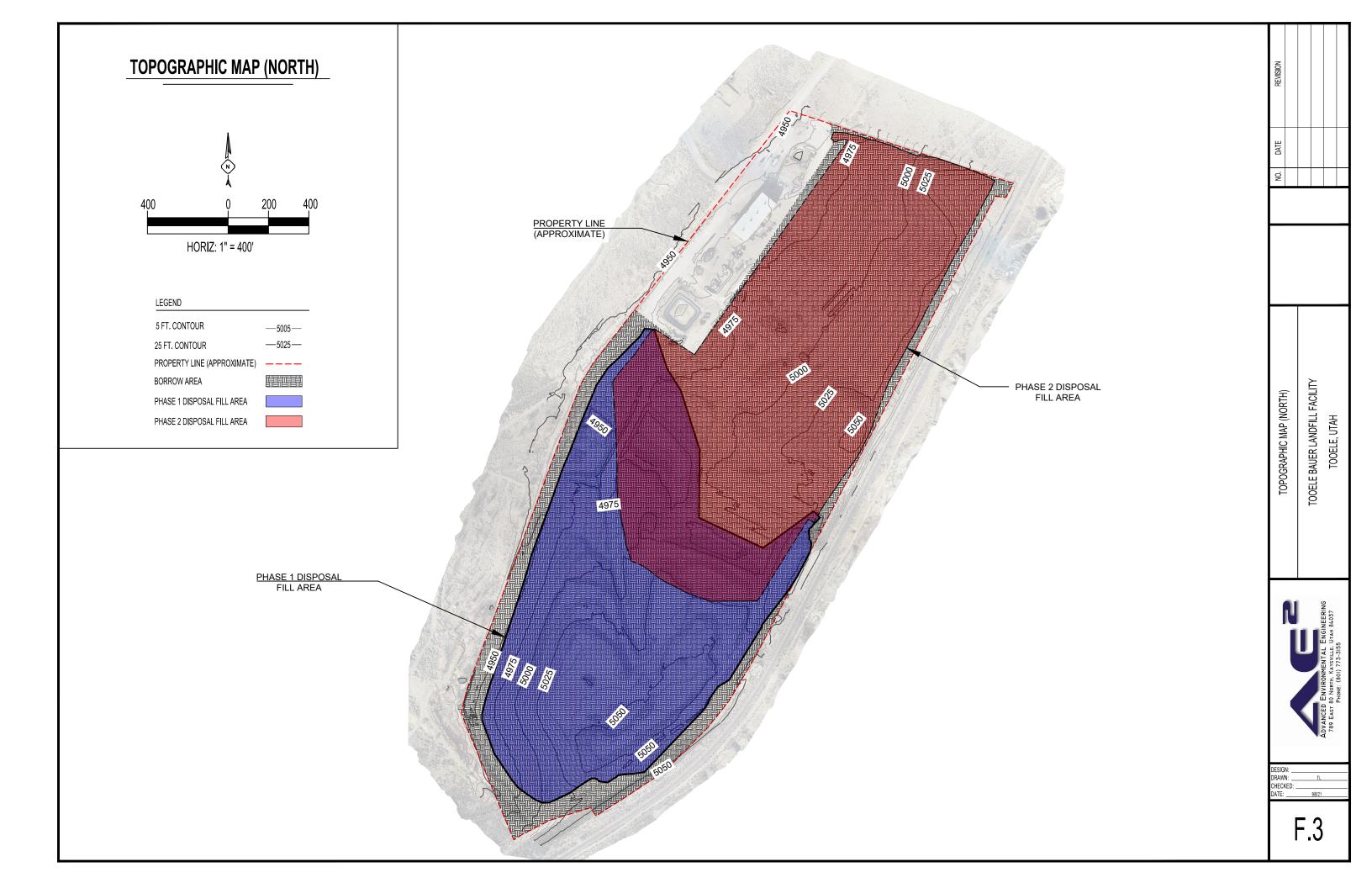
Facility Maps

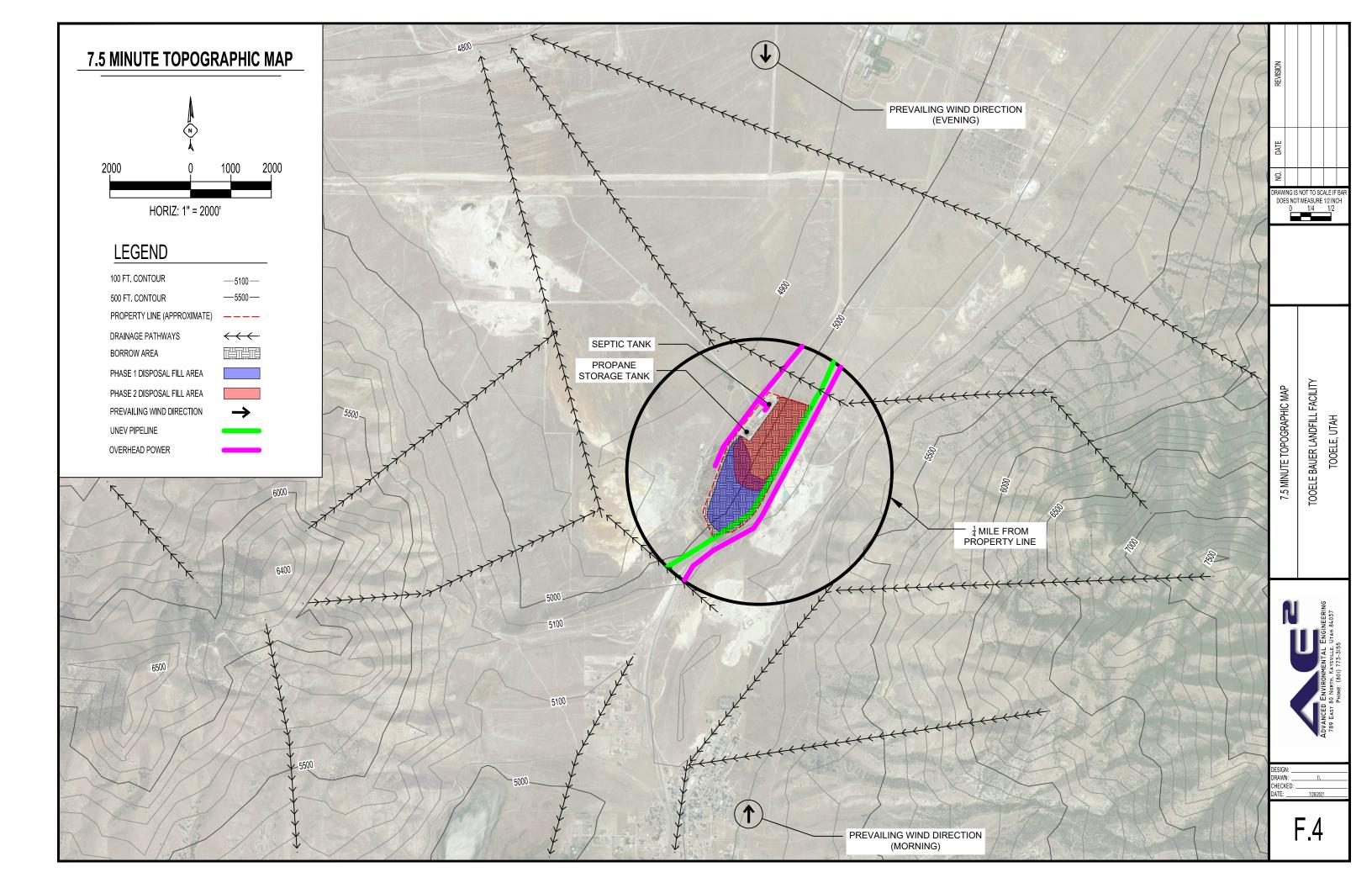
Appendix A - Facility Mapping

- 1. Figure 1: Vicinity Map
- 2. Figure 2: Facility Map
- 3. Figure 3: Topographic Map
- 4. Figure 4: 7.5 Minute Map









Run-On and Run-Off Maps

Appendix F – Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

1. Figure SW-1

HORIZ: 1" = 400' SA #1 EX BASIN BASIN B SA #2 BASIN C SA #3 BASIN D **SA #4** SA #6 BASIN E SA #5

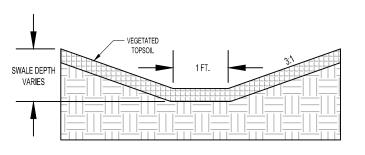
STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

BAUER SOLID WASTE FACILITY

WATERSHED LEGEND	
PROPERTY LINE	
DRAINAGE SWALE/WATERWAY	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$
EX MAJOR CONTOUR	
EX MINOR CONTOUR	— 5002 —
WATERSHED BOUNDARY	

25YR/24HR STORM WATER DISCHARGE								
SUB AREA ID	AREA (AC)	PEAK DISCHARGE (CFS.)	CAPACITY (ACRE-FT)					
SA 1	11.99	1.77	0.15					
SA 2	19.83	4.58	0.38					
SA 3	9.14	2.19	0.18					
SA 4	9,99	2.41	0,20					
SA 5	15.82	3.98	0.33					
SA 6	15.76	1.80	0.15					
TOTAL	82.53	16.73	1,39					

DETEN	DETENTION BASIN PARAMETERS								
BASIN ID	BASIN ID DEPTH (FT.) CAPACITY (AC-FT)								
Α	5	0.16							
В	5	0.18							
C	5	0.20							
D	5	0.33							
E	5	0.15							
EXISTING	11	3.30							



TYPICAL DRAINAGE SWALE N.T.S

REVISION			
DATE			
.ON			
DRAW DOE	ing is s no		

WING IS NOT TO SCALE IF BAR DES NOT MEASURE 1/2 INCH 0 1/4 1/2

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN
BAUER SOLID WASTE FACILITY

TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH



DESIGN: CH

RAWN: TLL

CHECKED: CH

ATE: 97721

SW-1

Plan of Operation



<u>I.e Additional Locations Standards for New or Laterally Expanding Class IVb</u> and VI Landfills Requesting the Addition of Dead Animals

I.e.1 Maps showing existing land use

As the purpose of this application is the renewal of an existing Class IVa Landfill, this section is not within the scope of this document.

I.e.2 Certification that no protected species are in site

As the purpose of this application is the renewal of an existing Class IVa Landfill, this section is not within the scope of this document.

I.e.3 Maps showing location of dwellings & historic structures

As the purpose of this application is the renewal of an existing Class IVa Landfill, this section is not within the scope of this document.

I.e.4 List of airports within five miles of facility

As the purpose of this application is the renewal of an existing Class IVa Landfill, this section is not within the scope of this document.

I.f Plan of Operations for All Facilities

I.f.1 Description of on-site Waste Handling Procedures and Example Form R315-302-2(2)(b) and R315-310-3(1)(f)

I.f.1.A Purpose

The purpose of the Plan of Operation (OP) is to provide a written description of the daily operational procedures of the existing Class IVa Landfill. These procedures incorporate the respective operations of the Scale House, Transfer Station, Recycling and Compost Facility, and closed Class IIIb landfill cell monitoring activities.

A landfill is a dynamic system that, over time, generates notable topography changes and therefore requires continual alterations to existing traffic patterns to reach the current active face. Changes may also occur in quantities of disposed materials, demographics of the service area, as well as with the administrative or regulatory requirements themselves. The intent of this Plan of Operations is to provide an accurate description of the current daily operations and procedures while allowing flexibility for the operational changes which will become necessary over time.



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I.f.1.B Operational Procedures

I.f.1.B.i Sorting, Recycling, and the Transfer Station

Presently, municipal solid waste generated in Tooele County is transported to the Transfer Station to be sorted. Construction and Demolition (C&D) waste, as well as green waste, is processed on site within their respective disposal areas. Recyclable materials are sorted for shipment to an off-site facility, while municipal solid waste (MSW) is currently shipped from the transfer station to the Wasatch Regional Landfill in Tooele County, Utah. For specific details, the plan of operation for the transfer station and the recycling and compost facility are provided within Appendices K and L respectively.

I.f.1.B.ii Excavation and Construction of the Class IVa Cells

Excavation of the cells begins with the removal of shrubs, grass, and other vegetation growing within the excavation area. The surface soil is stripped to a minimum depth of 6 inches and stockpiled.

The working face of each cell is constructed at a slope of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3H:1V). The refuse is unloaded and compacted with landfill equipment like a track-mounted bulldozer or loader prior to placement of additional refuse. The unloading of refuse will be restricted to specific areas at any one time in order to limit the tipping face while facilitating operational safety.

The final covers are also constructed with a maximum slope of 3H:1V following the complete utilization of a cell. The final 24" cover for the Class VI cell consists of an 18-inch minimum thickness of compacted native soil topped 6-inches of topsoil or native soil (which may also be mixed with compost or mulch in order to further encourage vegetative growth). Once in place, the cover is then seeded and lightly compacted to facilitate vegetation and reduce erosion.

I.f.1.B.iii Post-Closure Activities

The Class IIIB Landfill is permitted in 2000 and began post-closure care in 2005. It is currently the only landfill area within the Bauer Facility under post-closure care. Final cover material on sections of the Class IVa cell is currently being installed to complete closure activities.

I.f.1.B.iv Equipment

Sufficient equipment is currently kept and used at the landfill to spread and compact waste, control dust, and perform other facility operations.

The Class VI Landfill cell design is constructed and operated with equipment stored at the site by Tooele County. The County will maintain sufficient equipment to operate the Recycling Facility as well as the Class IV Landfill. If breakdowns or future projects require additional equipment, the Solid Waste Department will then utilize county-owned equipment from other departments. Tooele County may also utilize rental agreements for additional equipment. A current list of facility equipment can be referenced in Appendix C.



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I.f.1.C On-Site Solid Waste Handling Procedures

The Landfill is owned and operated by Tooele County. Daily operation of this facility is under the direction of the Solid Waste Director. In the event of the Director absence, a Senior Operator is the designate in charge of the landfill.

At the beginning of each working day, the Director is responsible for informing the Scale House and Operators where to direct solid waste for disposal. The Scale House Operator is then responsible for directing each transport vehicle to the proper location for waste disposal (this could alternatively be accomplished through the placement of directional signs). The Director of Solid Waste, or a Senior Operator, will be present at the landfill during all operating hours.

The County utilizes the pre-existing scale for the Class IV Landfill. The scale operator will perform load counts on a daily basis, making a record of the number of loads, as well as the volume, arriving daily at the site. Incoming refuse directed toward the landfill is deposited at the working face under the overall direction of the Director of Solid Waste or a Senior Operator. An example form used to record weights or volumes of waste received can be referenced in Appendix C.

I.f.2 Schedule for conducting Inspections and Monitoring, and Example Forms R315-302-2(2)(c), R315-302-2(5)(a), and R315-310-3(1)(g)

Tooele County will be responsible for maintaining and inspecting the Bauer Solid Waste Facility at a minimum of a quarterly basis in order to ensure proper safety protocols are being followed. A sample schedule used for monitoring and inspection of the Bauer Solid Waste Facility to ensure proper operation and maintenance is provided in Appendix C. Items that could be inspected on a regular basis are signs, fencing, cover, roads, equipment, etc.

I.f.3 Contingency Plans in the event of a fire or explosion R315-302-2(2)(d)

The Contingency Plan (for a full copy reference Appendix D) is designed to minimize hazards to human health or the environment from any unplanned sudden or non-sudden discharge to air, soil, surface, or groundwater. The provisions of this plan will be carried out immediately upon an emergency or sudden release. However, emergency evacuation of the site would likely not be necessary given the nature of the waste materials stored and processed at the site. The probabilities of incidents caused by fire, explosion, or toxic vapor generation are remote.

I.f.3.A Fire or Explosion

The primary means of fire control in the Class IV Landfill is to isolate hot or burning solid waste. In the event that a fire does erupt during operating hours, the burning material will be separated from the other materials and doused with water or controlled with fire suppression equipment. This action will be supported, when necessary, by the mobilization of additional equipment owned and operated by the County. A propane storage stank, located south of the Transfer Station, also poses a potential fire risk and extra caution is taken within the immediate area of the tank.



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I.f.3.B Explosive Gas Release

It is not expected that the type of waste deposited will produce significant amounts of explosive gases.

I.f.4 Fugitive Dust Plan R315-302-2(2)(g)

Tooele County currently utilizes a water truck to reduce generation of fugitive dust produced by traffic on access roads. The prevailing winds in the area change direction as the day passes. In the morning, the prevailing winds are typically from the south, while in the evening they primarily blow from the north. This change in wind direction is primarily due to effects caused by proximity to the Great Salt Lake.

I.f.5 Plan for Litter Control and Collection R315-302-2(2)(h)

The Landfill Manager will continue the ongoing litter collection program in order to minimize the impact of litter on the site and adjacent properties. This program consists of various activities designed to reduce windblown litter in addition to other site features and operations that aid in the reduction of windblown litter. Activities specifically designed to reduce amounts of windblown litter include minimizing the size of the active face to the extent possible (reducing the area of wastes exposed to wind), and the placement of temporary litter fences downwind from the active face. The height and length of these fences can be also adjusted to maximize their effectiveness in trapping windblown litter.

Other features and operating techniques that reduce windblown litter include perimeter fencing around the landfill site, providing a secondary barrier behind the temporary fencing. The application of daily and intermediate soil cover, and the compaction of refuse layers at a maximum thickness of two feet in order to better incorporate freshly deposited refuse to underlying landfill layers. Site and surrounding area inspections will be conducted on a routinely daily basis, and any windblown litter found will be collected. The Maintenance Schedule also provides a section for the tracking of regular litter-control activities (Appendix C).

I.f.6 Hazardous Waste Exclusion Plan R315-302-2(2)(j)

A "Prohibited Waste" control program designed to detect and deter attempts to dispose of hazardous and other unacceptable waste is presently implemented at the Bauer Solid Waste Facility. The program is designed to protect the health and safety of employees, customers, and the general public, as well as protect against contamination of the environment. The Director of Solid Waste is responsible for activities related to the prohibited solid waste control program.

The site is open for public and private disposal. Signs are posted near the site entrance clearly indicating the types of wastes to be accepted and rejected. All vehicles delivering wastes to the site are stopped at the Scale House. Scale House personnel, to the extent possible; visually inspect incoming waste for prohibited waste materials. Any vehicle suspected of carrying unacceptable materials (PCB containing material, liquid waste, sludge, or hazardous waste) is prevented from



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entering the disposal site area. Vehicles carrying prohibited waste are required to exit the site without tipping their loads. If a load contained or was suspected of containing prohibited materials, the Director will be notified and the following information recorded: date, name of hauler, and license plate number.

After the load is inspected at the Scale House, the vehicle is directed to the appropriate discharge location. Facility personnel regularly inspect loads at the sites. If a discharged load contained prohibited waste, the discharger will be required to remove it from the site. The discharger will be instructed on acceptable locations and methods for disposal. Tooele County Health Department will be notified of any rejected loads.

If the identity of discharger were unknown, the area where the hazardous material was discharged will be cordoned off. These materials will be moved to a designated area for identification and preparation for proper disposal by appropriate personnel.

The operators at the working face of the cell are also responsible for identification and prohibition of excluded wastes. All employees are trained in methods and techniques for spotting liquid waste, drums, waste in sealed containers, red-bag waste, PCB waste, and waste which exhibited unusual odors or markings. All such waste is excluded from the landfill and upon discovery is segregated from acceptable waste pending alternative disposal.

I.f.7 Disease Vector Control Plan R315-302-2(2)(k)

The expectations for the need to control disease vectors in a construction and demolition waste landfill are minimal. Keeping the open working face small, thoroughly compacting, and covering the waste with soil have been effective in preventing disease vectors from becoming a problem.

I.f.8 Alternative Waste Handling Plan R315-302-2(2)(I)

If problems were to occur that prevented the use of the Class IV Landfill, the solid waste will be redirected to the Transfer Station. In the event of a major equipment failure, solid waste will be loaded and shipped to an alternative waste disposal facility such as Wasatch Regional, Salt Lake County, West Wendover, Ibapah, or Elko.

I.f.9 General Training Plan for Site Operations R315-302-2(2)(0)

Each employee at the landfill facility is trained to have a working knowledge of the maintenance and operational techniques necessary to operate and maintain the landfill facility in a manner consistent with the preservation of human health or safety and the environment. Training is accomplished through on-the-job training (OJT) and classroom training sessions. The Director of Solid Waste, or a designated professional trainer, is in charge of directing these training programs. Initial training is completed within three months of employment followed by an annual review of basic waste management skills.



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I.f.9.A Training Schedule

The Solid Waste Director is required to certify as a Manager of Solid Waste, Manager of C&D Landfill and Manager of Transfer Station by completing the training courses and fulfilling the certification requirements. In addition, operators are required to take Landfill Operator and Waste Screening training courses. Continuing education efforts include the following:

I.f.9.A.i Introductory Training

Synopsis of solid waste regulations, record keeping, and transporter requirements.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method: Lecture/video course, OJT

Review: Annual

I.f.9.A.ii Policies and Procedures

Security, inspections, and emergency response.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method:
Lecture/video course, OJT

Review: Annual

I.f.9.A.iii Safety

Personal protection, hazardous waste recognition, hazardous material handling, emergency response, fire protection, and basic first aid.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method:
Lecture/video course

■ Review: Annual

A Safety Training meeting is held once a week with a minimum duration of 15 minutes.

I.f.10 Recycling Programs R315-303-4(6)

As discussed previously, the transfer station will sort any municipal solid waste and recyclables before transporting those materials to where they can be shipped for processing.

I.f.11 Any other Site-Specific Information Required by the Director R315-302-2(2)(p)

There is no other site-specific information that the Director requires.



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I.g Additional Plan of Operation Requirements for Class IVa Facilities

I.g.1 Corrective Action Programs to be initiated if ground water is contaminated R315-302-2(2)(e)

I.g.1.A Assessment Monitoring Program

This Assessment Monitoring Program (AMP) will continue to be utilized whenever a statistically significant contaminant concentration, with respect to background levels has been detected for one or more of the constituents listed in R315-308-4 that has an associated groundwater protection standard. If an outside source has made claim of groundwater contamination because of the operations of the Bauer Solid Waste Facility, Tooele County will perform an investigation to determine if contamination is found. If possible contamination (as described above) is detected, Tooele County will:

• Notify Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control (DWMRC) of the Utah Department of Environmental Quality (UDEQ), in writing, within 14 days of the completion of the statistical analysis of the sample results and within 30 days of the receipt of the sample results within 14 days of obtaining laboratory results at:

UDEQ - Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control 288 North 1460 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4880

- Identify the parameters that have shown statistically significant changes. This information will be included in the notification.
- Enter sampling analysis results into the operating record.
- Immediately re-sample the groundwater in all wells, or a subset of the wells as specified by the Director, for all constituents listed in R315-308 and determine whether a statistically significant change has occurred such that the groundwater protection level has been exceeded. If a statistically significant change has occurred, Tooele County will report the sample analysis results, in writing, within 7 days of their receipt to the above-noted address.

Tooele County may demonstrate that a source other than its inert waste disposal facility caused the contamination per R315-308. A demonstration report must be prepared by a qualified groundwater scientist and be approved by the Director. If approved, Tooele County will determine if it is in their best interest to continue to monitor the groundwater.

If, after 90 days, a demonstration has not been made that a source other than the facility caused the contamination, Tooele County will initiate the following:

- Within 14 days of the determination that a successful demonstration is not made, take one sample from each downgradient well and analyze for all constituents listed in Appendix II in 40 CFR Part 258, 2001 edition.
- For any constituent from Appendix II, 40 CFR Part 258, detected in the downgradient wells, four samples from the up-gradient wells and four samples from the downgradient



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wells must be collected and statistically evaluated to establish background concentration levels for the constituents and analyzed to determine background levels.

- Within 14 days of the completion of the statistical analysis of the sample results and within 30 days of the receipt of the sample results, place a notice in the operation record and notify the Director in writing.
- Tooele County will then re-sample all wells on a quarterly basis for the constituents listed in R315-308 and the detected constituents from Appendix II of 40 CFR Part 258.
- Tooele County will also sample all downgradient wells on an annual basis for all 40 CFR Part 258 Appendix II constituents.

If, after two consecutive sampling events, the concentrations of all constituents are shown to be at or below established background levels, Tooele County must notify the Director, in writing, within 14 days. After which, upon approval by the Director, Tooele County may return to assessment monitoring under the approved groundwater monitoring plan.

If one or more of the constituents from R315-308-4 or Appendix II are detected at statistically significant levels above the groundwater protection standard in any sampling event, Tooele County must:

- Within 14 days of the receipt of this finding of this finding, notify the Director, the appropriate local governing agencies, and the local health department that groundwater quality standards have been exceeded.
- Place a notice in the operating record identifying the constituents that have exceeded the groundwater protection standard and their concentrations.
- Characterize the nature and extent of the release by installing additional monitoring wells, as necessary.
- Install at least one well on the downgradient property line and sample and analyze for constituents in R315-308 and the detected constituents from Appendix II.
- Notify all persons who own the land or reside on the land that directly overlies any part of
 the plume of contamination if contaminants have migrated off-site as indicated by sampling
 of wells.

If Tooele County can demonstrate that a source other than the solid waste disposal facility caused the contamination or that the statistically significant change resulted from error in sampling, analysis, statistical evaluation, or groundwater quality, they may continue monitoring as specified in R315-308-2(12)(d) or Subsection R315-308-2(12)(e) when applicable R315-308. To demonstrate this, Tooele County must prepare a report that is certified by a qualified groundwater scientist, must enter the report into the operating record, and must obtain approval of the report from the Director.

I.g.1.B Corrective Action Program

If a successful demonstration per R315-308 has not been made within 90 days, indicating that a source other than the solid waste disposal facility may be the cause of contamination, a Corrective Action Program (CAP) (R315-308-3) will be required. The CAP requires Tooele County to:

• Continue to monitor as required in R315-308.



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- Take any interim measures as required by the Director to ensure the protection of human health and the environment.
- Prepare a Corrective Action Plan to assess the current conditions and circumstances of the solid waste disposal facilities.
- Select a remedial action based on the Corrective Action Plan and public comments.
- Continue remedial action until Tooele County notifies the Director, in writing, that the contaminant concentrations have been reduced to levels below the established background concentrations for a period of 3 years or an approved alternative length of time. Tooele County and a qualified groundwater scientist must sign and certify the report demonstrating the successful completion of remedial action. Upon Director approval, Tooele County will terminate corrective action measures and continue to monitor per R315-308.

The Corrective Action Plan will address the following specific items at a minimum:

- Description of selected remedy.
- Time required to begin and complete the remedy.
- Cost of remedial action.
- Public health and environmental requirements that may substantially affect the implementation of the remedy.
- Comments from a public meeting held to discuss the corrective action.
- Performance, reliability, ease of implementation, and potential impacts of appropriate potential remedies, including safety impacts, cross-media impacts, and control exposure to any residual contamination.

The Corrective Action Plan will be submitted within 14 days after the selection of a final remedy. Tooele County must:

- Amend the Corrective Action Plan, as necessary, and submit a report to the Director for approval describing the remedy and providing a schedule for implementation and estimated time of completion.
- Put into place the financial assurance mechanisms as required by R315-309 and notify the Director of the financial assurance mechanism and its effective date.

In selecting a remedy, Tooele County will consider:

- Nature and extent of contamination.
- Resource value of the groundwater.
- Long- and short-term effectiveness of the remedy.
- Effectiveness of the remedy in controlling the source to reduce or eliminate further releases.
- Ease or difficulty of implementation.
- Practicable capability of owner or operator including technical or economic capability.
- Degree to which community concerns are addressed.
- Any other relevant factors.
- Attain the established groundwater quality standard.



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All possible remedies, including no-action alternatives, will be evaluated. Evaluation of the technical and economic items listed above will be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director.



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Example Forms

Appendix C – Scale House Ticket and Other Example Forms

- 1. Scale House Ticket Sample
- 2. Facility Inspection Form
- 3. Maintenance Schedule
- 4. Equipment List
- 5. Incoming Waste Report 2020

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435-843-4785
        TOOELE COUNTY SOLID WASTE
        HOURS MON-SAT 7:30-5:30 PM
        CLOSED SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
Weighed: leslie
BILL TO:
     CASH
Vehicle ID:
Reference:
            LANDFILL
Grid:
Origin: COUNTY
DATE IN: 09/09/2021 TIME IN: 09:55:43
DATE OUT: 09/09/2021 TIME OUT: 09:55:43
INBOUND TICKET Number: 02-00718674
```

THOOHD	1 LOTTE 1 Hamber	
	MANUAL GROSS WT. MANUAL TARE WT. NET WEIGHT	100 LB 100 LB 0 LB
	Description weight	Amount 0.00

TICKET AMOUNT: 0.00

TOOELE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY INSPECTION FORM

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acility Typ		unicipal	උත		Asbestos		Private	h-a-m-4	Other (sp	Cif()
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MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY										
DAU	BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY									
FACILITY SIGNS	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:						
Directions for Discharging										
PERIMITER FENCING	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:						
Performed Quarterly										
ANNUAL REPORT	Date:									
Before March 1										

CLASS IIIb LANDFILL								
COVER (erosion, settlement) Performed Quarterly	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:				
DRAINAGE (around cell) Performed Quarterly	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:				
ROADS (access road) Performed Quarterly	Date:	Date:	Date:	Date:				

CLASS IV LANDFILL								
COVER (erosion, settlement)	Date:		Date	:	Date:		Date	•
Performed Quarterly								
DRAINAGE (around cells)	Date:		Date:		Date:		Date:	
Performed Quarterly								
ROADS (access roads)	Date:		Date:		Date:		Date	•
Performed Quarterly								
EQUIPMENT (maintenance)	Date: Date:			Date:	Date:	Date	:	Date:
Manufactures Recommendations								

RECYCLING AND COMPOST FACILITY									
DRAINAGE (run-off and run-on)	Date:		Date	:	Date:		Date	:	
Performed Quarterly									
EQUIPMENT (maintenance)	Date:	Date	:	Date:	Date:	Date:		Date:	
Manufactures Recommendations									
TEMPERATURE									
As Needed									
CAPTURE BASIN / ASPHALT PAD	Date:	Date	:	Date:	Date:	Date:		Date:	
Performed Every Other Month									
ROADS (access roads)	Date:		Date	:	Date:		Date		
Performed Quarterly									

TRANSFER STATION								
HARBORAGE (rodents, insects, etc.)	Date: Date:			:	Date:		Date	:
Performed Quarterly								
EQUIPMENT (maintenance)	Date:	Date:		Date:	Date:	Date:		Date:
Manufactures Recommendations								
ROADS (all weather access)	Date:	Date:		Date:	Date:	Date:		Date:
Performed As Required								

YEAR	MAKE	MODEL	VIN
1997	INTERNATIONAL	TRUCK	1HTGLAHT0VH443058
1999	CHEVROLET	TAHOE	1GNEK13R9XJ549739
2000	VOLVO	ROLL OFF TRUCK	4V5SC2UF6YN520373
2001	FORD	F150	1FTPX18L81NB22916
2001	FORD	F150 X-CAB	1FTRX18L01NA30997
2003	FORD	F150 X-CAB	2FTPX18L03CA73218
2003	FORD	F150 X-CAB	2FTPX18L33CA90465
2003	FORD	RANGER SUPER	1FTZR45E43TA41534
2017	FREIGHTLINER	114SD	1FUJG3DV4HHHV6964
2017	FREIGHTLINER	114SD	1FUJG3DV6HHHV6965
2017	MCTM	TNSP48FR1000-201 TRAILER	5MAMN4828HW038738
2017	MCTM	TNAR53FR1000	5MAMN5326HW040310
2018	IMFO	IMCO	1M9W48282J1041044
2018	IMFO	IMCO	1M9W48286J1041046
2018	KENWORTH	T880	1XKZD40X6KJ233141
2019	FORD	F150	1FTFX1E58KKC23540
2019	FORD	F250	1FT7X2B68KEE03544
2021	FREIGHTLINER	M2	3ALHCYD26MDML9760
2021	WESTERN STAR	4900	5KJJBWD15MLMV0691
2018	CAT	TRACK HOE	CAT00323KRAZ00767
2018	CAT	938M LOADER	J3R05976
2015	VOLVO	L90H LOADER	623108
2014	BOBCAT	SKIDSTEER	ALR811829

YEAR	MAKE	MODEL	VIN		
2009	CASE	621-D	N9F206770		
2005	GEHL	CTS-16T			
2001	KOMATSU	TRACK HOE	C30142		
1999	CAT	D8N DOZER	05TJ02328		
1997	FORD	4X4	1FTJW36H3VEB69585		
	CASE	435	N4M400023		
	GRINDER		21-2-61-0083		
	TROMMEL SCREEN		167045		
	CAT	FORKLIFT	1CM00737		
2015	VOLVO	BUCKET	215739-1-1		
2018	VOLVO	L90H LOADER	617730		

Date 09/09/21 Tooele County,UT Page 2
Time 11:09:57

Material Analysis Report by Material

Inbound and outbound materials for the period 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020 Summary Report for Sites: 1, 2

Accounts 0 - 999999 Customer Types - Z Materials - ZZZZZZZZZZ Material Types - ZZ

Date	Material	Type Custome	r Type	Tickets	Count	Est. vol.	Act. Vol.	Est. Wt.	Actual Wt.	Charge
			•	P						•
	MULCH		Total Average	1	0	1 1	1 1	0.00	0.00	20.00
	OUT-MSW		Total Average	1434	1	0	0	32761.94 22.85	32761.94 22.85	0.00
	Р		Total Average	1	0	3	3	0.00	0.00	3.00
	PALLETS		Total Average	8	0	15 2	15 2	0.00	0.00	75.00 9.38
	PLY-WOOD		Total Average	55	6	436 8	436	0.00	0.00	2,180.00 39.64
	RES		Total Average	3737	3731 1	2412	2412	29117.73 7.79	29117.73 7.79	1,048,259.52 280.51
	ROAD	¥	Total Average	103	79 1	22	22 0	1522.66 14.78	1522.66 14.78	4,949.93 48.06
	SLUDGE		Total Average	92	0	0	0	100.48	100.48	4,521.60 49.15
	SM		Total Average	2	0	2	2	0.00	0.00	500.00 250.00
	Т		Total Average	307	864	2	2	7.19 0.02	7.19 0.02	2,317.00 7.55
	WEIGHT		Total Average	48	2	1 0	1 0	82.20 1.71	82.20 1.71	0.00
	WL		Total Average	117	123	772 7	772 7	478.97 4.09	478.97 4.09	2,460.00 21.03
	WOOD		Total Average	442	10252 23	2	2	0.02	0.02	17,305.00 39.15
	WOODCHIPS		Total	144	4	236	236	0.00	0.00	4,620.00

Date 09/09/21 Tooele County,UT Page 1
Time 11:09:57

Material Analysis Report by Material

Inbound and outbound materials for the period 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020 Summary Report for Sites: 1, 2

Accounts 0 - 999999 Customer Types - Z Materials - ZZZZZZZZZZ Material Types - ZZ

Date	Material	Type	Customer Type	Tickets	Count	Est. vol.	Act. Vol.	Est. Wt.	Actual Wt.	Charge
	ACE 30		Total Average	28	0	344 12	344	0.22	0.00	1,630.00 58.21
	ACE 40		Total Average	1	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	-165.00 -165.00
	ANIMALS		Total Average	524	0	0	0	489.44	489.44	20,717.47 39.54
	ARMY 15		Total Average	36	36 1	540 15	540 15	166.24	166.24 4.62	4,050.00 112.50
	ARMY 30	*	Total Average	159	159 1	4770 30	4770 30	423.47	423.47 2.66	35,775.00 225.00
	C&D	•	Total Average	142	221	2209 16	2149 15	617.04 4.35	617.04 4.35	16,162.96 113.82
	COM		Total Average	24922	31346	94553 4	94493	44085.93 1.77	44085.93 1.77	720,790.50 28.92
	COMMERICAL		Total Average	728	736 1	390 1	360 0	3783.69 5.20	3783.69 5.20	158,720.04 218.02
	FIREWOOD		Total Average	174	17 0	128	128	0.00	0.00	1,285.00 7.39
	НН		Total Average	7661	7879 1	7633 1	7633 1	1986.35 0.26	1986.35 0.26	101,413.00 13.24
	M&I		Total Average	1276	1276	45545 36	45545 36	3374.84 2.64	3374.84 2.64	341,587.50 267.70
	METAL OUT		Total Average	48	48	0	0	282.11 5.88	282.11 5.88	0.00
	MISC.		Total Average	1	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	MSW		Total Average	48	48 1	0	0	127.95 2.67	127.95 2.67	5,400.96 112.52

Page

3

Material Analysis Report by Material

Inbound and outbound materials for the period 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020

Summary Report for Sites: 1, 2

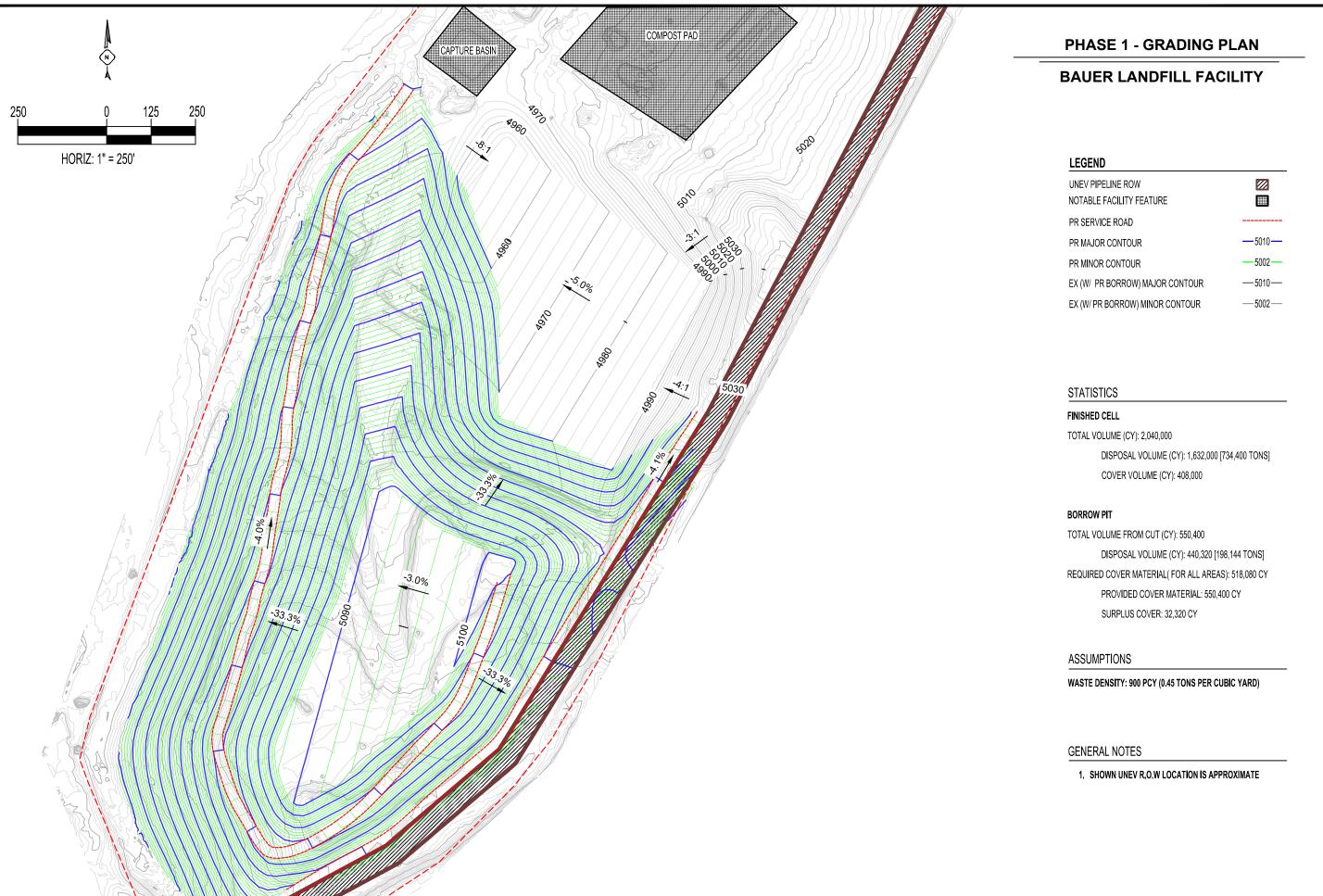
Accounts 0 - 999999 Customer Types - Z Materials - ZZZZZZZZZZ Material Types - ZZ

Date	Material	Type	Customer	Type	Tickets	Count	Est. vol.	Act. Vol.	Est. Wt.	Actual Wt.	Charge
			ь.	Average		0	2	2	0.00	0.00	32.08
	WS			Total Average	1	1	0	0	0.05	0.05	7.00 7.00
	YL			Total Average	380	393 1	416	416 1	639.97 1.68	639.97 1.68	7,840.00 20.63
	YS			Total Average	5974	7202 1	7215 1	7215 1	2385.51	2385.51	49,854.00
	ZBAL			Total Average	388	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	107,034.16 275.86
	ZBALFWD			Total Average	1	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	3.00 3.00
				Report Tot		64424	167647 3	167497 3	122434.00	122433.78	2,659,316.64 54.29

Facility Life Projections

Appendix I – Facility Life Projections

- 1. Figure 1 Phase 1 Grading Plan
- 2. Figure 2 Phase 1 Earthwork
- 3. Figure 3 Phase 1 Borrow Area
- 4. Figure 4 Borrow Area Earthwork
- 5. Figure 5 Phase 2 Grading Plan
- 6. Figure 6 Full Development
- 7. Facility Life Projection Table



DATE REVISION

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PHASE 1- GRADING PLAN
BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY
TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH

ED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
PROMER FAVOVILE, UTAH 84037
PHONE; (80) 773-3155

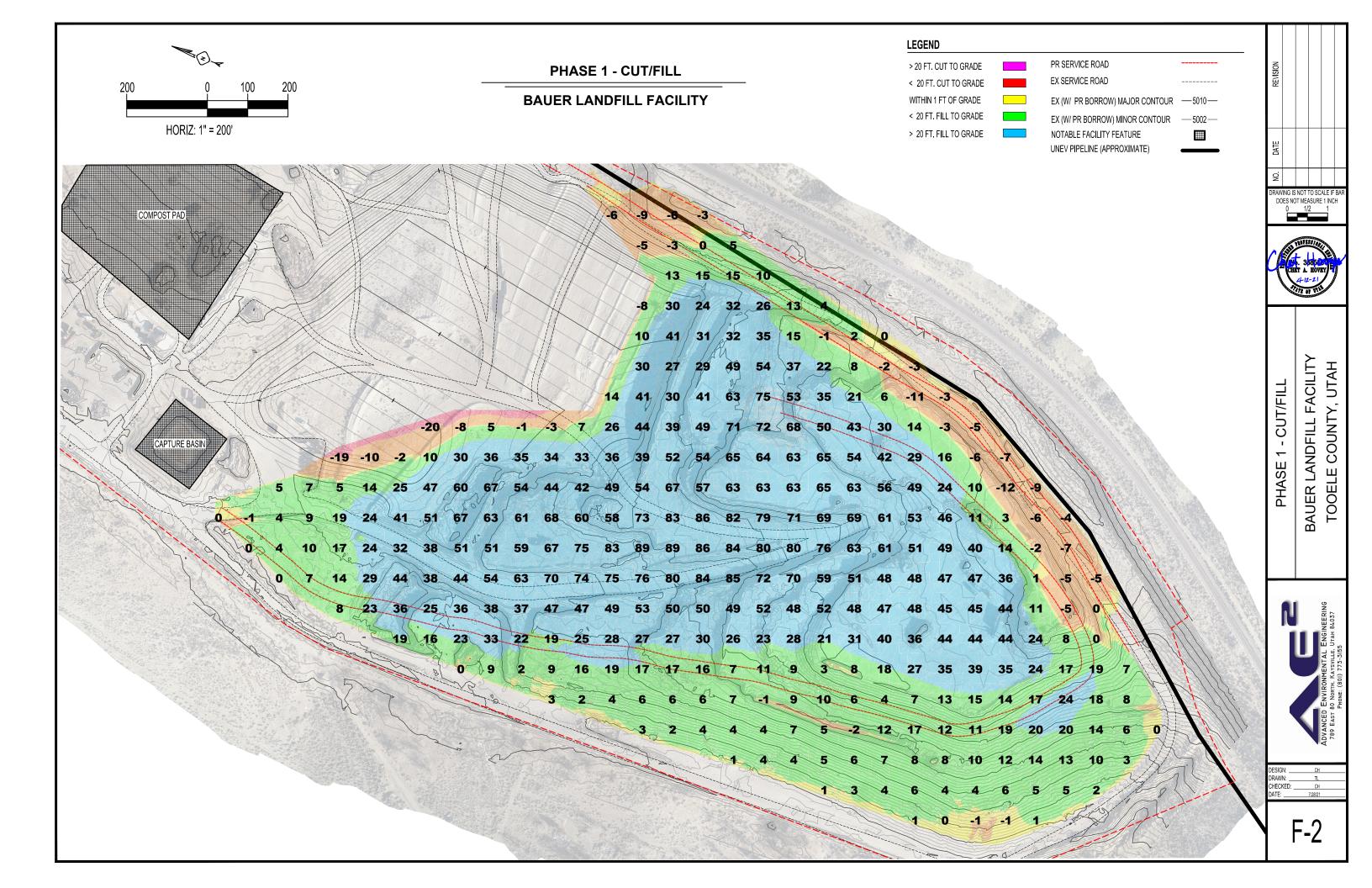
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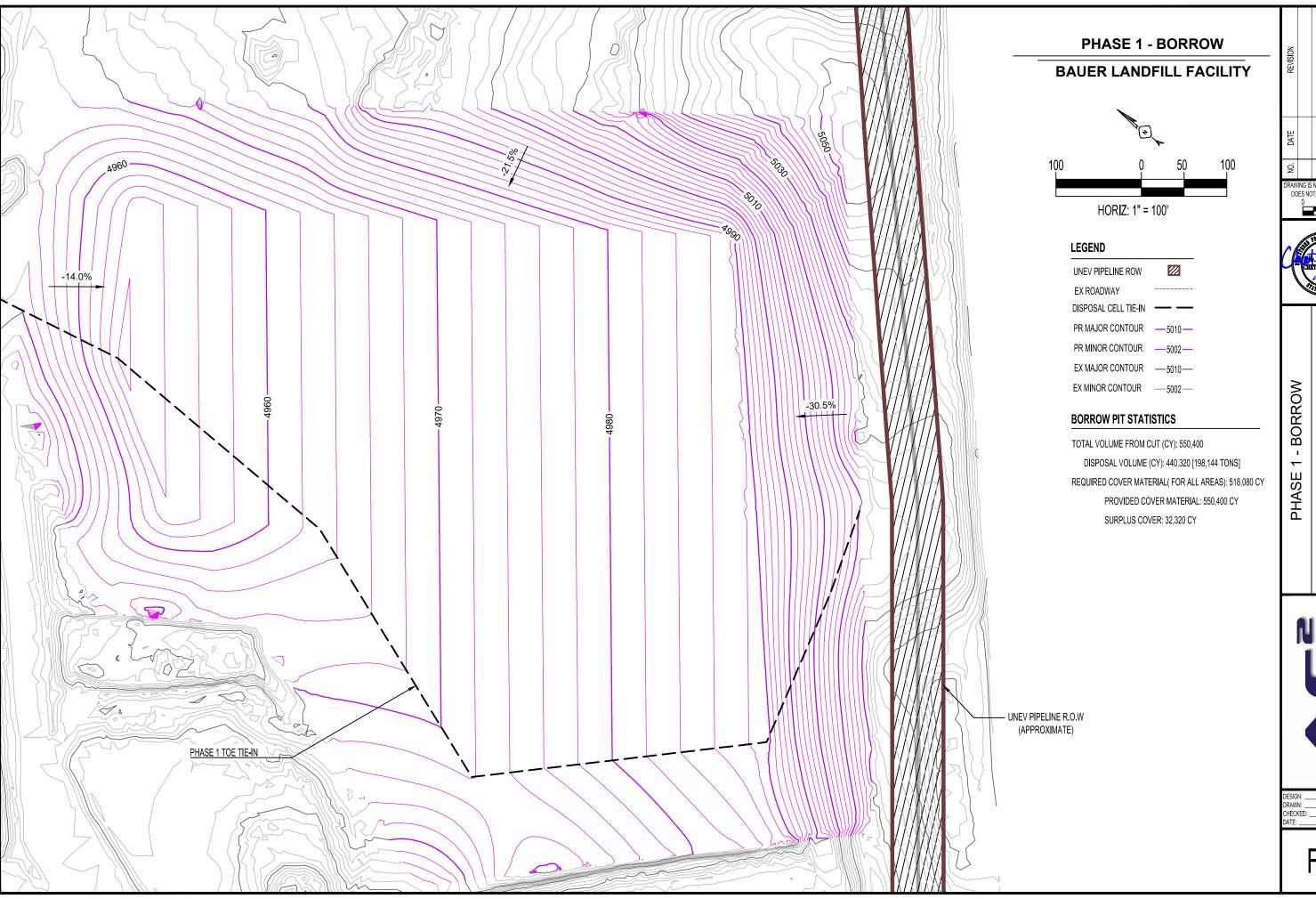
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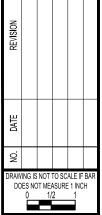
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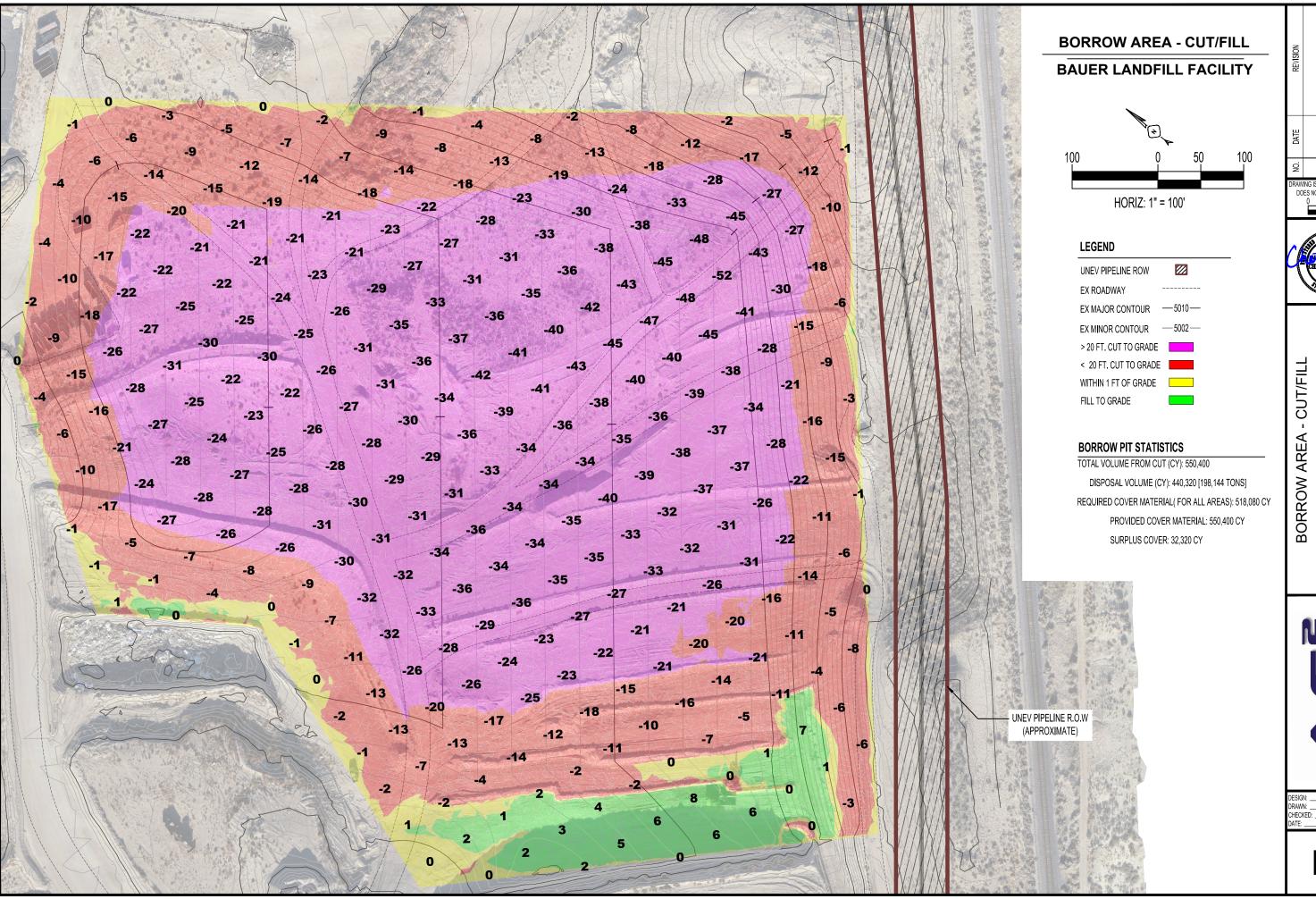




BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH

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BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH

DVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
PROPERT 80 NORTH, KAVEVILE, UTAH 84037
PRIONE: (801) 773-3155

 DESIGN:
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 7/28/21

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PHASE 2 - GRADING PLAN

BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY

LEGEND

UNEV PIPELINE ROW	
NOTABLE FACILITY FEATURE	****
EX SERVICE ROAD	
PR SERVICE ROAD	
PHASE 2 MAJOR CONTOUR	 5010
THROUGH GOTT GOTT	
PHASE 2 MINOR CONTOUR	 5002
PHASE 1 MAJOR CONTOUR	 5010
THACE TWASCINGON	0010
PHASE 1 MINOR CONTOUR	 5002
EX (W/ PR BORROW) MAJOR CONTOUR	5010
EX (W. T. C. BOTTLOW) WHOOL CONTOOL	0010
EX (W/ PR BORROW) MINOR CONTOUR	——5002 —

STATISTICS

PHASE 2

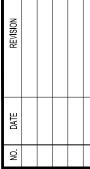
TOTAL VOLUME (CY): 5,892,000 DISPOSAL VOLUME (CY): 4,713,600 [2,121,120 TONS] COVER VOLUME (CY): 1,178,400 CY [530,280 TONS]

ASSUMPTIONS

WASTE DENSITY: 900 PCY (0.45 TONS PER CUBIC YARD)

GENERAL NOTES

1. SHOWN UNEV R.O.W LOCATION IS APPROXIMATE



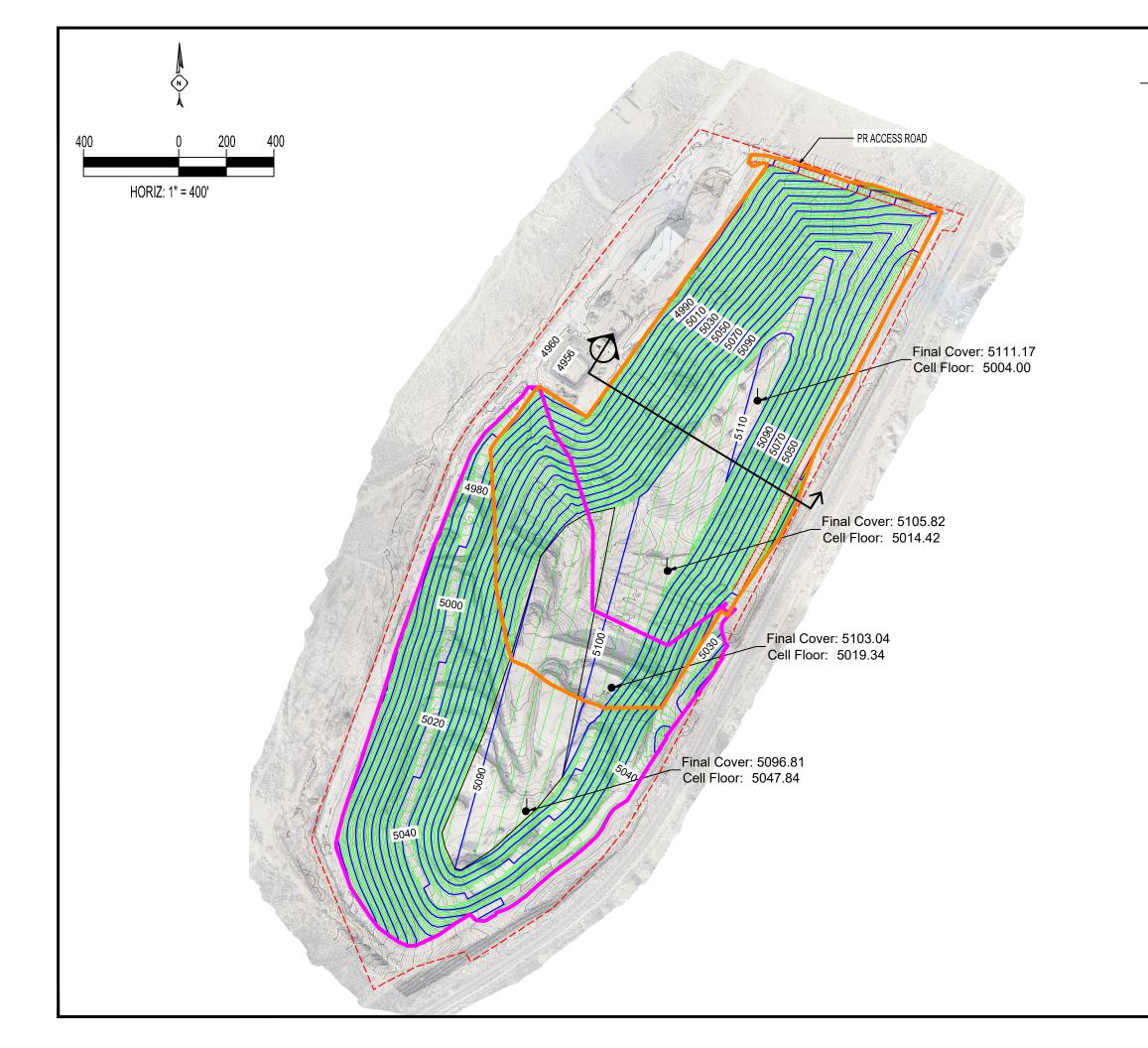
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PHASE 2 - GRADING PLAN
BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY
TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH



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PHASES 2 & 1 - FULL DEVELOPMENT

BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY

LEGEND

PR MAJOR CONTOUR —5010—
PR MINOR CONTOUR —5002—
EX (W/ PR BORROW) MAJOR CONTOUR —5010—
EX (W/ PR BORROW) MINOR CONTOUR —5002—
PHASE 1
PHASE 2

STATISTICS

FULL UTILIZATION

TOTAL VOLUME (CY): 7,932,000 DISPOSAL VOLUME (CY): 6,345,600 [2,855,520 TONS] COVER VOLUME (CY): 1,586,400 CY [713,880 TONS]

PHASE 2 (NORTHEAST)

TOTAL VOLUME (CY): 5,892,000 DISPOSAL VOLUME (CY): 4,713,600 [2,121,120 TONS] COVER VOLUME (CY): 1,178,400 CY [530,280 TONS]

PHASE 1 (SOUTHWEST)

TOTAL VOLUME (CY): 2,040,000

DISPOSAL VOLUME (CY): 1,632,000 [734,400 TONS]

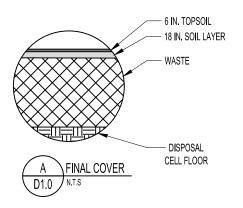
COVER VOLUME (CY): 408,000 [183,600 TONS]

BORROW

TOTAL VOLUME FROM CUT (CY): 550,400
DISPOSAL VOLUME (CY): 440,320 [198,144 TONS]
REQUIRED COVER MATERIAL (FOR ALL AREAS): 518,080 CY
PROVIDED COVER MATERIAL: 550,400 CY
SURPLUS COVER: 32,320 CY

ASSUMPTIONS

WASTE DENSITY: 900 PCY (0.45 TONS PER CUBIC YARD)



NO. DATE REVISION

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PHASES 2 & 1 - FULL DEVELOPMENT
BAUER LANDFILL FACILITY
TOOELE COUNTY, UTAH

DVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
789 EAST 80 NORTH, KAYSVILLE, UTAH 84.037

 DESIGN:
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 DATE:
 7/28/21

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Facility Life Projection							
Year	C&D (cumulative tons at 3% annual growth) C&D (tons/day) Disposed Annual Volume (CY)		C&D Phase 1 (CY)	C&D Phase 2 (CY)			
2020	28,000	107	93,333	93,333			
2021	28,840	111	96,133	189,467			
2022	29,705	114	99,017	288,484			
2023	30,596	117	101,988	390,472			
2024	31,514	121	105,047	495,519			
2025	32,460	125	108,199	603,718			
2026	33,433	128	111,445	715,163			
2027	34,436	132	114,788	829,951			
2028	35,470	136	118,232	948,183			
2029	36,534	140	121,779	1,069,962			
2030	37,630	144	125,432	1,195,394			
2031	38,759	149	129,195	1,324,589			
2032	39,921	153	133,071	1,457,660			
2033	41,119	158	137,063	1,594,724			
2034	42,353	162	141,175	1,632,000			
2035	43,623	167	145,410		103,899		
2036	44,932	172	149,773		253,671		
2037	46,280	178	154,266		407,937		
2038	47,668	183	158,894		566,831		
2039	49,098	188	163,661		730,491		
2040	50,571	194	168,570		899,062		
2041	52,088	200	173,627		1,072,689		
2042	53,651	206	178,836		1,251,526		
2043	55,260	212	184,201		1,435,727		
2044	56,918	218	189,727		1,625,454		
2045	58,626	225	195,419		1,820,874		
2046	60,385	232	31,562		1,852,436		
2047	62,196	239	207,320		2,059,756		
2048	64,062	246	213,540		2,273,296		
2049	65,984	253	219,946		2,493,242		
2050	67,963	261	226,544		2,719,786		
2051 2052	70,002 72,102	269 277	233,341 240,341		2,953,127 3,193,468		
2052	72,102	285	240,341		3,193,468		
2054	74,263	293	254,978		3,695,997		
2055	78,788	302	254,976		3,958,625		
2056	81,152	311	270,506		4,229,131		
2057	83,586	321	31,563		4,260,694		
2058	86,094	330	286,980		4,547,673		
2059	88,677	340	295,589		4,843,263		
2060	91,337	350	304,457		5,147,719		
2061	94,077	361	313,591		5,461,310		
2062	96,899	372	322,998		5,784,308		
2063	99,806	383	332,688		6,116,997		
2064	102,801	394	228,603		6,345,600		

Attachment #7

Financial Assurance Escrow Agreement

Appendix J – Financial Assurance

1. Escrow Agreement Form

ESCROW AGREEMENT FORM

I.		SUMMARY	UPTIF Account	#
A.	Parties to	the Agreement	:	
	1.	Depositor: Address:	Tooele County 47 South Main Tooele, Utah 84074	_
		Contact:	Robert Warner Tel. No. (435) 833-9520 Tel. No.	
	2.	State Agency: Address:	Utah Division of Solid & Hazardous Waste P.O. Box 144880 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4880	_(the "State') - -
		Contact:	Ralph Bohn, Section Mgr. Tel. No. 801 Tel. No. Tel. No. Tel. No.	_
	3.	Escrow Agent	t:Utah State Treasurer (the "Treasurer") 215 State Capitol Salt Lake City, Utah 84114	
		Contact:	Jason Nielsen, Financial Manager Stephanie Baldes, Accountant	·
		Telephone:	(801)538-1453 Telefax: (801)538-1465 Toll free	e: 800-395-7665
В.	Depos	sit Amount(s):		
	1.	Princi	pal amount \$\frac{412,000}{}\$ (the "Proceeds")	5")
	2.	Additional an	nount(s), if any:	
		\$ <u> </u>	From: From: From:	
C.	Autho	orizing Resoluti	ion:	
			(the"I	nstrument")
D.	Project	ct Description: Tooele Coun	ty Solid Waste Facilites	roject")
			(ule r	roject j

II. AGREEMENT

- A. The undersigned hereby deliver to the Treasurer, the Proceeds and Additional amount(s) to be held and disposed of by the Treasurer in accordance with the duties, instructions, and upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth in this Escrow Agreement to which the undersigned hereby agree:
 - 1. For purposes of this Escrow Agreement and this Escrow Agreement only:
 - (a) The Treasurer shall not incur any liability in acting upon any written authorization and request delivered hereunder and believed by the Treasurer to be genuine and to be signed by the proper parties.
 - (b) The Treasurer may consult with legal counsel in the event of any dispute or question as to the construction of the Treasurer's duties hereunder and shall not be held to any liability for acting in accordance with advice so received.
 - (c) The Treasurer shall have a first lien on the moneys held by it hereunder for its compensation and for any costs, liability or expense or counsel fees it may incur.
 - 2. In the event of any disagreement between the undersigned or any of them, and/or any other person, resulting in adverse claims and demands being made in connection with or for any moneys involved herein or affected hereby, the Treasurer shall be entitled at its option to refuse to comply with any such claim or demand, so long as such disagreement shall continue, and in so refusing the Treasurer may refrain from making any delivery or other disposition of any moneys involved herein or affected hereby and in so doing the Treasurer shall not be or become liable to the undersigned or any of them or to any person or party for its failure or refusal to comply with such conflicting or adverse demands, and the Treasurer shall be entitled to continue so to refrain and refuse so to act until:
 - (a) The rights of the adverse claimants have been finally adjudicated in a court assuming and having jurisdiction of the parties and the moneys involved herein or affected hereby; and/or
 - (b) All differences shall have been adjusted by agreement and the Treasurer shall have been notified thereof in writing signed by all of the persons interested.
 - 3. The fees for the usual services of the Treasurer under the terms of this Escrow agreement are set forth in the schedule attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. It is agreed that additional compensation shall be paid to the Treasurer for any additional or extraordinary service it may be requested to render hereunder, and the Treasurer shall be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses (including, without limitation, fees of counsel) reasonably incurred in connection with additional or extraordinary services.
 - 4. The Entity and the State hereby agree that the deposit of the Proceeds shall constitute compliance with applicable deposit and investment provisions of the Instrument.
 - 5. The duties of the Treasurer under the terms of this Escrow Agreement are as follows:
 - (a) The Treasurer shall receive into a separate fund (the "Escrow Account") Proceeds and any additional amounts to be used in connection with the Project.
 - (b) The Treasurer shall reimburse Entity in amounts authorized in writing by the Entity and the State.
 - (c) Each authorization must be signed by one official form both the Entity and the State, except as provided in (i)of this section, and shall be substantially the same as the form attached as Exhibit B. On behalf of the Entity, the written authorization and request shall be signed by any one of the officials of the Entity identified in Section I.A. 1. above. On behalf of the State, the written authorization and request shall be signed by any one of the officials of the State identified in Section I.A.2. above. The Treasurer assumes no responsibility for expenditure of moneys paid out of the Escrow Account pursuant to a

written authorization and request properly signed and delivered the Treasurer as provided herein.

- If the Entity fails to provide closure, post-closure, or corrective action of the solid waste management facility as required by the *Utah Solid Waste Permitting and Management Rules* and the Entity's solid waste disposal permit, the Executive Secretary will issue an order to close under the authority of Section 19-6-107(7) of the Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Act. Upon completion of the Administrative process, including the Entity's right to contest and appeal the administrative action, the State may independently request, in writing, reimbursement to a State-approved and authorized third party for the costs related to the third party's activities for closure, post-closure or corrective actions at the facility.
- (d) If a written authorization and request indicates that an amount (the "Retained Amount") payable to a Provider is to be held for retainage pending completion of the Project or the lapse of time, the Treasurer shall segregate such amount and shall invest the Retained Amount in an interest-bearing account (the "Separate Account"), the interest on which shall accrue for the benefit of the Provider. The Retained Amount and all accrued interest thereon shall be disbursed by the Treasurer in the same manner as provided in paragraph 5(b) hereof. All fees charged or incurred by the Treasurer relating to the establishment, investment and disbursement of the Separate Account shall be borne solely by the Provider and may be withheld by the Treasurer from the Separate Account prior to the disbursement thereof; provided, however, that if such fees are borne by the Separate Account, and if the interest earned on the Separate Account is less than the amount of such fees, then the fees withheld from such Separate Account shall not exceed the interest earned and the balance of such fees shall be paid by the Entity.
- (e) The funds deposited by the parties hereto in the Escrow Fund and in any Separate Account shall be invested by the Treasurer in the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund established by Section 51-7-5 of the Utah Code. All interest earned on moneys held in the Escrow Account shall be retained therein and disbursed as provided herein.
- (f) The Treasurer shall report at least monthly concerning the receipts, disbursements and status of the Escrow Account. The reports shall be mailed to the Entity and to the State at their respective addresses as shown in Section I.A. above. Notification of changes of address, if any, shall be in writing and mailed to the parties at their respective addresses as shown in Section I.A. above.
- (g) This Escrow Agreement will be terminated after payment of the fees and out-of-pocket expenses of the Treasurer, and upon liquidation of the Escrow Account as provided herein. This Escrow Account, upon the earlier to occur of:
 - (i) receipt by the Treasurer of a written authorization and request, signed as provided in paragraph 5(c) hereof, stating that the acquisition, construction, improvement and extension of the Project is complete, that all obligations and costs in connection with the Project which are payable out of the Escrow Account have been paid and discharged, and that the Treasurer is authorized and directed to transfer all moneys in the Escrow Fund to the Entity or such other disposition as may be agreed by the State and the Entity; or
 - (ii) receipt by the Treasurer of a written certificate of the State, signed by the appropriate representatives thereof as identified in paragraph 5(c) hereof, stating that at least ___months have expired from the date of this Agreement and that all remaining moneys in the Escrow Account are to be transferred to the State as a prepayment on the Bond purchased by the State or such other disposition as may be specified by the State.

6. This Agreement may be modified or a Agreement and signed by the parties t	nmended only by a written Amendment attached to this to this Agreement.
	Entity: Tooele County Solid Waste Facilities By: Columb Title: Solid Waste Director Date: 3/1//2
Attest and Countersign: By: Colleen Johnson Title: Chairman, Tooele County Commission Date: 3/1/12	
ATTEST: MARILYN K. GILLETTE TOOELE COUNTY CHERKY OF THE COUNTY CHERKY CHERKY OF THE COUNTY CHERKY	STATE: Utah Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste By: Title: Executive Secretary Utah Solid & Hazardous Waste Control Board Date: 3/14/12
Accepted: Utah State Treasurer By:	
Date: Mas, 14, 2012	

EXIIIBIT A

Fees due to State Treasurer as Escrow Agent

Maximum annual fee is 10 basis points (one-tenth of one percent (.001)) applied to the average daily balance in each account. The fee is assessed monthly based on the actual number of days in the month divided by 360 days.

Minimum annual fee is zero.

The Treasurer intends to deduct the administrative fee from gross earnings of each account before crediting earnings to the account(s). The amount of such fees in not reflected on monthly statements to the Entity, and is payable only from gross earnings on the account(s).

Entity shall not be liable to the Treasurer for any other costs or expenses for usual services. Usual services include:

- 1. Acceptance of funds delivered for deposit.
- 2. Deposit of funds and issuance of Treasurer's Receipt.
- 3. Investment of all funds delivered to Treasurer.
- 4. Credit net interest earnings to designated account(s) on a monthly basis.
- 5. Reimburse entity for project costs pursuant to receipt of a written authorization and request properly signed and delivered to the Treasurer.
- 6. Prepare and deliver to Entity and State a monthly accounting showing all deposits, withdrawals, interest credits and rate, ending balance and average balance for each account.

Entity will be liable to the Treasurer for out-of-pocket expenses resulting from any additional or extraordinary service Treasurer is requested to render and reasonably incurs in connection with additional or extraordinary services.

EXHIBIT B -1

WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION ANS REQUEST FOR REIMBURSEMENT FROM ESCROW FUND

ТО:		The Utah State Treasurer, as Escrow Agent (the "Treasurer").				
DA	ГЕ:					
WR	ITTEN RI	EQUEST NO.:				
"Eni	I, the und tity"), do l	ersigned authorized officer of hereby certify and request to the T	Treasurer as follows:			
7.	and the Tauthorize	reasurer dated,(the "F	Agreement by and between the Entity, the State Escrow Agreement"), the undersigned hereby from the Escrow Account to pay the amounts			
8.		ment proposed to be made as set roper charge against the Escrow	forth on the Payment Schedule has been incurred Account.			
9.	9. To the extent that the payment of any item set forth on the Payment Schedule is for other than work, materials, equipment or supplies, in connection with this authorization and request, the undersigned certifies that each payment proposed to be made on the Payment Schedules is a proper charge against the Escrow Account, is a reasonable amount and has not been heretofore included in a prior Written Authorization and Request for Reimbursement for the Escrow Account.					
10.		tten Authorization and Request, in onclusive evidence of the facts a	ncluding the Payment Schedule attached hereto, nd statements set forth herein.			
11.	A copy o of the En		Request is being kept on file in the official records			
mea		s used herein which are defined in ein assigned to them.	n the Escrow Agreement shall have the respective			
			·			
	-		By:			
		,	Title:			

EXHIBIT B-2

I/we, the undersigned authorized officer(s) of the State, do hereby certify and request to the Treasurer as follows:

- 1. I/we have reviewed the foregoing statements of the authorized officer of the Entity attached hereto, and on behalf of the State approve the request for payment from the Escrow Fund made therein; provided that the State has not independently verified the statements of such authorized officer of the Entity attached hereto and makes no representations or certifications with respect thereto.
- 2. A copy of this Written Authorization and Request is being kept on file in the official records of the State.

The terms used herein shall have the same meanings assigned to them in the attached statements of the authorized officer of the Entity.

Dated the date appearing at the top of the attached statements of the authorized officer of the Entity.

STATE:	
Ву:	
Title:	

Attachment #8

Transfer Station Plan of Operation

Appendix K – Transfer Station Plan of Operations

TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE BAUER TRANSFER STATION GENERAL PLAN OF OPERATION



TOOELE COUNTY

47 South Main Tooele, Utah 84074 435-833-9520

January 2013



TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE BAUER TRANSFER STATION GENERAL PLAN OF OPERATION

Prepared for:

TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE

47 South Main Tooele, Utah 84074

Prepared by:

ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

1975 North Main – Suite 3 Layton, Utah 84041

January 2013

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CHAPTER 1 PLAN OF OPERATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Tooele County is currently operating a Transfer Station at its solid waste facility site near Bauer, Utah. The Transfer Station is designed, constructed, and operated in accordance with applicable Federal and State laws and standards. In conjunction with these facilities, Tooele County operates a Compost Facility, Class IIIb Landfill (Closed), Class IV Landfill, Scale House, and Recycling Center. This General Plan of Operation (OP) has been prepared to satisfy standards established by the State of Utah Solid Waste Permitting and Management Rules (Rules), Section R315-313.



COMPOSTING FACILITY



CLOSED CLASS IIIb LANDFILL



CLASS IV LANDFILL



SCALE HOUSE



RECYCLING FACILITY -Bailer



RECYCLING FACILITY – In floor Conveyor



RECYCLING FACILITY - Sort Line



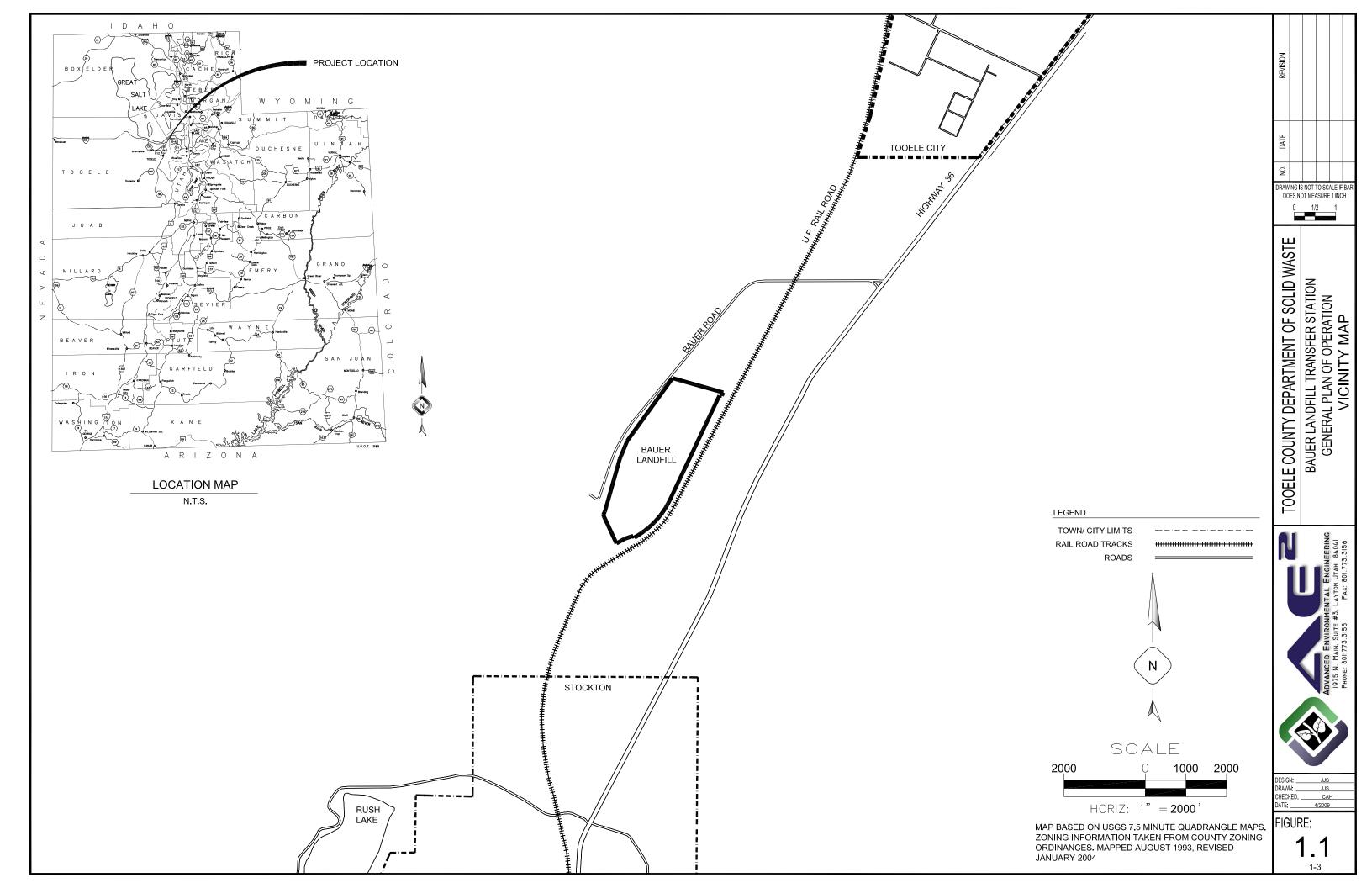
RECYCLING FACILITY -Product Storage

The site is located approximately six miles south of Tooele, Utah on the southwest flank of the Oquirrh Mountains as shown on Figure 1.1.

The Landfill Facility location is the site of a former sand and gravel pit, situated on Lake Bonneville shoreline deposits, sloping to the west toward the valley floor. The surficial soils are silty or sandy with scattered gravel.

The site is not located within 500 feet of any permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, office building, restaurant, church, wetlands, watercourses, or floodplains.

Presently, solid waste generated in Tooele County is transported to the site and sorted. Construction and demolition (C&D) waste and all green waste are composted or disposed of on site in the Class IV Landfill. Recyclable materials are sorted for shipment. Portions of the municipal waste, which are not



compostable or recyclable, are shipped for disposal to Wasatch Regional Landfill also located in Tooele County, Utah.

Table 1.1 below shows the distribution of waste at the Bauer Landfill Facility.

TABLE 1.1
DISTRIBUTION OF WASTE

Year	Delivered Waste (tons)	Annual Increase (percent) 1	Diverted Waste (tons) ²	Annual Increase (percent) 1	Disposed Class IV Waste (tons)	Annual Increase (percent) 1
2006	94,669	9.0	64,391	12.3	30,278	4.4
2007	117,088	12.6	65,836	11.4	48,299	12.8
2008	49,989	1.9	25,586	-2.1	24,403	0.9
2009	56,899	4.3	34,329	0.5	22,570	0.1
2010	61,734	4.8	36,650	1.1	24,360	0.7
2011	60,132	4.6	35,819	1.0	24,312	0.7

¹ Annual increase was calculated using 2001 data.

A breakdown of the Diverted Waste for the year of 2011 is as follows:

Transfer Station 25,392 tons
Compost Facility 5,110 tons
Recycling Facility 5,317 tons
Total 35,819 tons

1.2 PURPOSE

The purpose of this OP is to characterize the operation of the Transfer Station for permitting and management purposes. Solid Waste Management is a dynamic system that undergoes continual development. Changes may occur in quantities of disposed materials, location of the transfer station, demographics of the service area, and administrative and regulatory requirements. These changes would be accomplished to conserve landfill space and protect human health and the environment. The intent of

² Diversions include Transfer Station, Composting, and Recycling.

this OP is to provide an accurate description of the daily operations and procedures while allowing for modifications that may be required to compensate for operational changes.

1.3 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The location of the Transfer Station in relation to the other operations at the Bauer Landfill Facility is shown on Figure 1.2. The Transfer Station is located west of the Compost Facility. The Transfer Station was built in accordance to the Rules. Storm water run-off for the Transfer Station is routed down through drainage gutters and down spouts to the ground level that is graded to flow run-off away from the facility. The ground around the facility is graded such that any run-on will not enter the facility during any rainfall events.



1.3.1 Fencing

The Transfer Station is located within the Bauer Landfill Facility property, which is enclosed with a perimeter fencing.

1.3.2 Screening

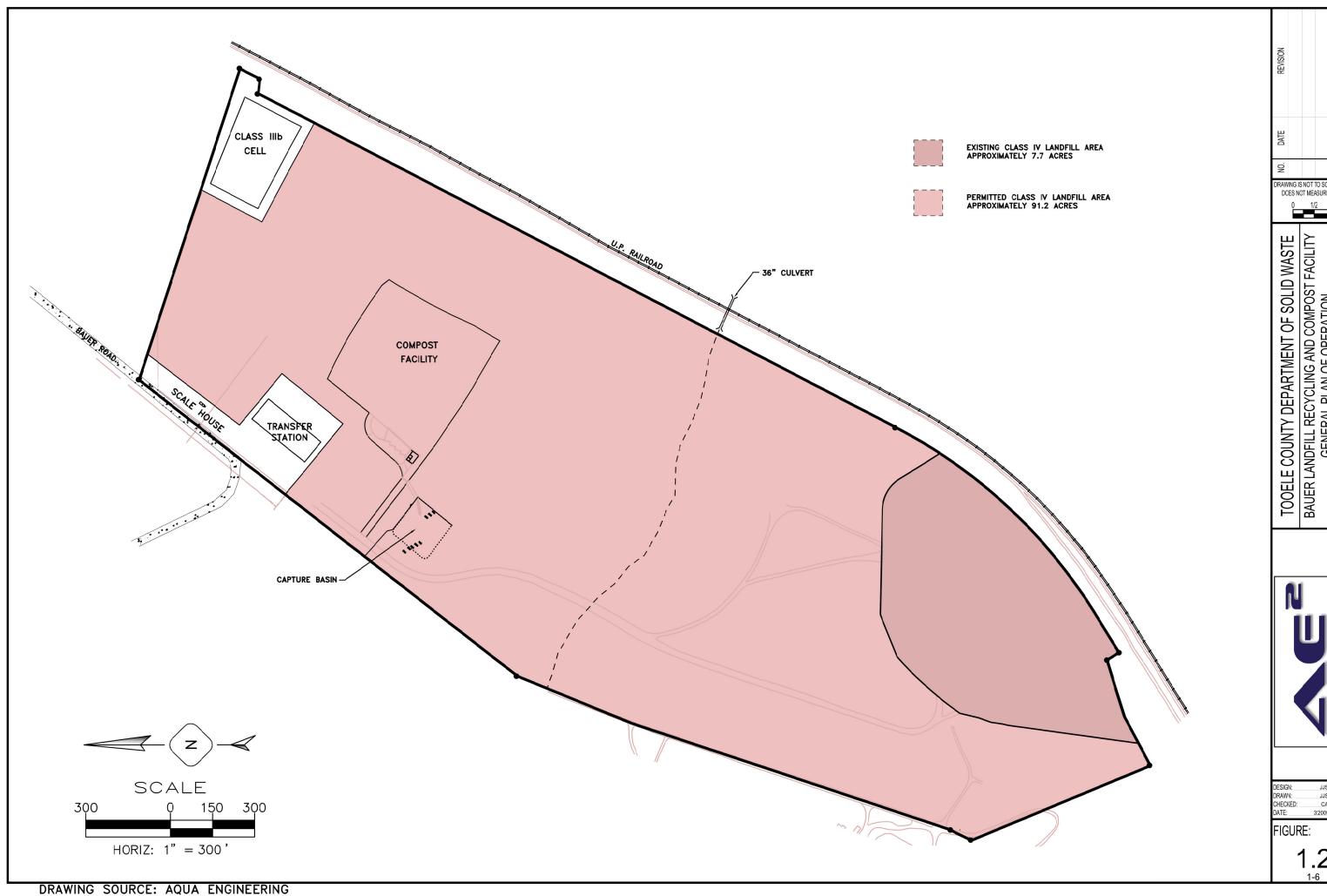
The Transfer Station operations are screened from public view by the metal building it utilized for operations.

1.3.3 Tipping Floor protection

The Transfer Station was constructed per the design and operation requirements of the rules. The Transfer Station was constructed with a concrete floor to protect ground water.

1.3.4 Buffer Zone

The Transfer Stations is located within the Bauer Landfill Facility and placed in a location that allows a buffer area around the entire structure.



DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE IF BAI DCES NOT MEASURE 1 INCH

TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE BAUER LANDFILL RECYCLING AND COMPOST FACILITY GENERAL PLAN OF OPERATION FACILITIES MAP



JJS JJS CAH 3/2009

1.4 FACILITY LEGAL DESCRIPTION

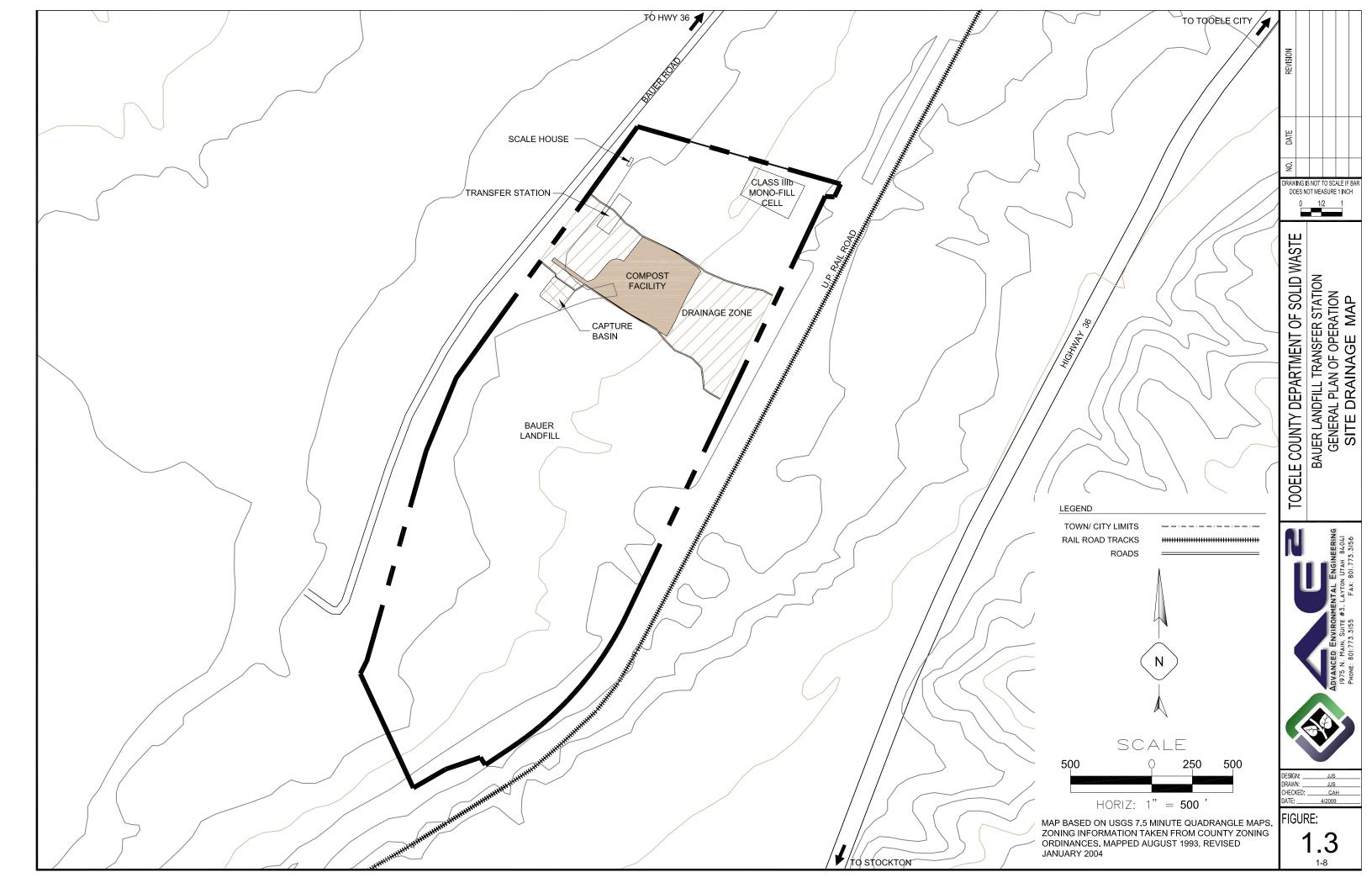
The site is located in Section 13, Township 4 South, Range 5 West, Salt Lake Base and Meridian and is more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point North 28° 23' 03" East 4,438.14 from the common corner to sections 13, 14, 23, and 24 and considering the South line of the Southeast quarter of Section 14 to bear South 88° 55' 37" West; thence North 37° 33' 57" East 1,709.54 feet; thence South 72° 34' 43" East 1,164.95 feet to the West right of way line of the Union Pacific Railroad; thence along said right of way line the following courses, South 27° 04' 36" West 78.92 feet; thence North 83° 05' 55" West 53.19 feet; thence South 27° 04' 36" West 2,562.27 feet; thence 978.55 feet along a curve to the right having a radius of 1823.09 feet and along a chord of which bears South 42° 27' 13" West 966.84 feet; thence South 57° 49' 50" West 167.41 feet, thence North 32° 08' 16" West 50 feet; thence leaving said right of way North 15° 19' 21" East 606.74 feet; thence West 425.00 feet; thence North 21° 21' 18" East 1633.03 feet; thence South 89° 01' 49" West 407.88 feet more or less to the point of beginning. Subject to all easements and rights of way of record.

1.5 RUN-ON/RUN-OFF ANALYSIS

For permitting purposes, a drainage analysis was completed for the Bauer Landfill Facility. The Transfer Station is located in one of the drainage zones established for the analysis as identified on Figure 1.3. This drainage zone is isolated from upstream run-off by an elevated railroad grade to the east, which routes the run-off south along the tracks. The peak run-off flow generated from the 25-year 24-hour storm event was determined for this drainage zone by applying the U.S. Soil Conservation Service Technical Release Number 55 (SCS TR-55) method. For the analysis, the drainage zone was divided into a developed subzone and an undeveloped subzone because run-off east of the asphalt pad is diverted around the pad with the use of channels and berms. The developed subzone includes the compost pad and the capture basin. The undeveloped subzone is the remaining area east of the compost pad.

The volume of water generated from the developed subzone for a 25-year 24-hour storm event was calculated to check the maximum operating water level in the capture basin. The peak discharge from



the undeveloped subzone was used to calculate the required channel size to divert the run-off. Table 1.2 shows the results of the analysis. Appendix A contains printouts from the hydrologic analysis.

TABLE 1.2
DRAINAGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

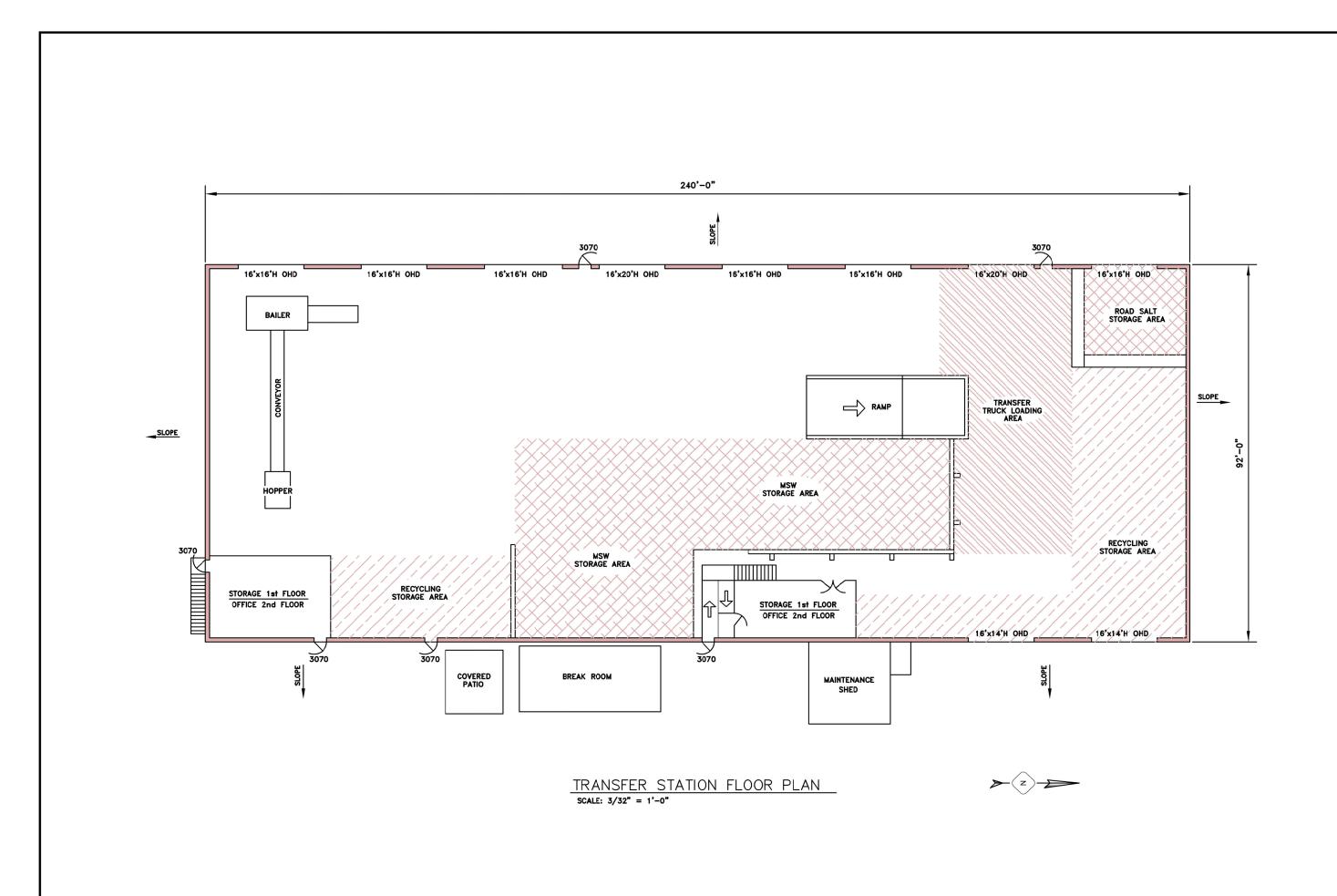
Parcel	Area	Time of	Peak	Runoff	Volume
	(acres)	Concentration	Discharge	Q (in)	(ft^3)
		(hours)	(cfs)		
Developed	5.7	0.05	21.7	2.41	49,830
Undeveloped	6.6	0.27	2.8	0.49	11,641

The results indicate that the capture basin water surface should remain 5 feet below the rim to satisfy the storage requirements. Currently the normal working water surface is maintained approximately 8 feet below the rim elevation and could be adjusted accordingly.

The run-off generated from the undeveloped subzone is diverted and routed around the compost pad and capture basin through strategically placed channels and berms. The required size of trapezoidal channel necessary to divert the run-off is 8"deep by 24" wide with 2.5H: 1V side slopes. This size criterion was then used to check the existing berms and channels for capacity requirements. The current run-off diverting mechanisms are expected to meet the capacity requirements to divert the 25-year 24-hour storm event. Run-on to the Transfer Station is minimized due to positive discharge away from the structure.

1.6 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

Figure 1.4 shows the current layout of the Transfer Station. The Transfer Station main office is located centrally on the east side of the Transfer Facility, a second office is located in the south east corner of the facility and truck loading is located on the north end of the facility with MSW storage centrally located in the east side near the main office. The road salt storage is located in the north west corner of the facility.



TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE

BAUER LANDFILL TRANSFER STATION

GENERAL PLAN OF OPERATION

TRANSFER STATION FLOOR PLAN

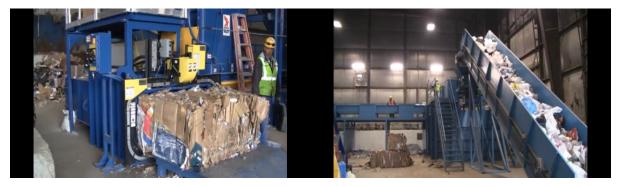
ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING
1975 N. MAIN, SUITE #3, LAYTON UTAH 84041
PHONE: 801;773.3155 FAX: 801.773.3156

DESIGN:	JJS
DRAWN:	JJS
CHECKED:	CAH
DATE:	4/2009
DITTE.	112000

FIGURE:

1.4

1.6.1 Recycling



Recycling areas are located at the Transfer Station and the public recycling center. A recycling Sort Line provides opportunities for the employees of the Transfer Station sort recyclable materials, which are later bailed and stockpiled for transportation. The public recycling center uses roll-off recycling dumpsters for sorting recyclable materials. Recycling contractors provide and maintain their own roll-off dumpsters on site. Typical recyclable materials that are bailed and sorted in the dumpsters include cardboard, metals, white paper, carpet pad, foam rubber, tires, and batteries. Stockpiled recyclable materials are typically stored on site for six months or less.

1.6.2 Waste Removal

Once all the recyclables are taken from the waste stream, the remaining waste is loaded onto long haul trucks and transported to a disposal facility.

1.6.3 Equipment

The following equipment is currently stationed and used at the landfill to spread or compact waste, control dust, load waste, and perform other facility operations.

1	Bailer	2	Tool Carriers
1	Roll-off Truck	1	Tub Grinder
2	Water Tanks	1	Trommel Screen
2	Dozers	1	Boom Truck
1	Scraper	2	End Dump Trucks

1	Roller	1	Fork lift
1	Grader	1	Skid Steer
3	Loaders		

Tooele County will maintain sufficient equipment to operate the Transfer Station.

1.7 ON-SITE LINES OF AUTHORITY

The Transfer Station is owned and operated by Tooele County. Daily operation of the Transfer Station and related facilities is under the direction of the Landfill Director. In the event of the Landfill Director's absence, a Senior Operator is the designate in charge of the landfill.

At the beginning of each working day, the Landfill Director is responsible for informing Operators of any upcoming changes in their normal responsibilities. The Landfill Director or Senior Operator is notified if unacceptable waste is detected. The Landfill Director or Senior Operator will then take action.

1.8 MONITORING AND INSPECTION SCHEDULE

The schedule for monitoring and inspection of the Transfer Station to ensure proper operation and maintenance is provided in the Table 1.3.

TABLE 1.3
MONITORING AND INSPECTION SCHEDULE

Inspection/Monitoring Activity	Frequency
Concrete tipping Floor	Monthly
Access Road Condition and	During operation as needed
Maintenance	
Fence Inspection and Maintenance	Monthly
Run-on	Following a significant storm event
Buffer Zone/ Litter Control	Weekly

Asphalt Apron	Monthly
Run-off from Building	Monthly
Equipment Maintenance	Per manufacturers recommendations

1.9 CONTINGENCY PLAN

The Contingency Plan is designed to minimize hazards to human health or the environment from any unplanned sudden or non-sudden discharge to air, soil, surface, or groundwater. The provisions of this plan would be carried out immediately upon an emergency situation or release, which could threaten human health or the environment. Emergency evacuation of the site may be necessary given the nature of the waste materials stored and processed at the site. Incidents caused by fire, explosion, or toxic vapor generation are always a concern when processing municipal solid waste.

1.9.1 On-Site Waste Handling

In an event, the transfer station were to become in accessible or inoperable, waste would be directed to the landfill without being processed at the Transfer Station.

1.9.2 Fire or Explosion

The primary means of fire control in the Transfer Station is to isolate hot or burning fuel source. In the event that a fire does erupt during operating hours, the burning material would be separated from the other materials and doused with water or smothered with site soils. This action would be supported, when necessary, by the mobilization of additional equipment owned and operated by Tooele County.

1.9.3 Explosive Gas Release

Under proper operating procedures, significant amounts of explosive gas are not expected. If significant amounts of explosive gas were being generated, the Landfill Director or Senior

Operator would be notified. The Landfill Director or Senior Operator would then take steps to remedy the problem, typically by removal of waste from the Transfer Station.

1.9.4 Failure of a Containment System

The concrete tipping floor and asphalt apron are visually inspected monthly. Should failure of these containment systems occur, the containment system would be repaired or replaced.

1.9.5 Dust Control Plan

Dust is controlled though the means of the enclosed facility and the ability to close openings such as doors in the event of the wind blowing.

1.9.6 Litter Control Plan

Litter is controlled through the means of an enclosed facility.

1.10 ALTERNATIVE WASTE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL PLAN

If problems were to occur that prevented the use of the Transfer Station, the materials would be either be stockpiled or sent directly to Wasatch Regional Landfill for disposal. In the event of a problem resulting in a complete shutdown of Wasatch Regional Landfill, materials would be redirected to the West Wendover and/or Elko Nevada Solid Waste Facilities.

1.11 PROCEDURES FOR CONTROLLING DISEASE VECTORS

Control of disease vectors in the Transfer Station is either by bailing or stockpiling recyclables within four days of placement on the tipping floor and removal of sorted waste on a timely manner.

1.12 PROCEDURES FOR EXCLUDING THE RECEIPT OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

A "Prohibited Waste" control program designed to detect and deter attempts to dispose of hazardous and other unacceptable waste is presently implemented at the Tooele County Solid Waste Management Facility. The program is designed to protect the health and safety of employees, customers, and the general public, as well as protect against contamination of the environment. The Landfill Director is in charge of hazardous waste activities.

The site is open for public and private disposal. Signs are posted near the site entrance clearly indicating (1) the types of waste to be accepted; (2) that hazardous waste is to be excluded; and (3) the penalty for illegal disposal. All vehicles delivering waste to the site are stopped at the Scale House. Scale House personnel, to the extent possible; visually inspect incoming waste for hazardous materials. Any vehicle suspected of carrying unacceptable materials (liquid waste, sludge, or hazardous waste) is prevented from entering the disposal site area. Vehicles carrying hazardous materials are required to exit the site without tipping their loads. If a load contains or was suspected of containing hazardous materials, the Landfill Director is notified and the following information recorded for future reference: date, name of hauler, and license plate number which is provided to Tooele County Health Department.

After the load has been visually inspected at the Scale House, the vehicle is directed to the appropriate discharge location. Facility personnel regularly inspect loads at the sites. If a discharged load contains hazardous material, the discharger is required to reload the material and remove it from the site. The discharger is then instructed on acceptable locations and methods for disposal and the local health department notified.

If the identity of discharger were unknown, the area where the hazardous material was discharged would be cordoned off. The hazardous material would be moved to a designated area for identification and preparation for proper disposal.

The Operators at the Transfer Station are responsible for identification and prohibition of excluded waste. All employees are trained in methods and techniques for spotting liquid waste,

Tooele, UT

drums, waste in sealed containers, red-bag waste, PCB waste, and waste, which exhibited unusual odors or markings. All such waste are excluded from the landfill facility and upon discovery, segregated from acceptable waste pending alternative disposal.

1.13 GENERAL TRAINING AND SAFETY PLAN

Each employee at the landfill facility is trained to have a working knowledge of the maintenance and operational techniques necessary to operate and maintain the landfill facility in a manner to preserve human health or safety and the environment. Training is accomplished through on-the-job training (OJT) and classroom training sessions. The Landfill Director, or a designated professional trainer, is in charge of directing the training programs. Initial training is completed within three months of employment followed by an annual review of basic waste management skills.

1.13.1 Training Schedule

The Landfill Director is required to take the SWANA Manager of Landfill Operations (MOLO) course. In addition, Operators are required to take one or both of the SWANA training courses: Landfill Operator Training, and Waste Screening. Continuing education efforts include the following:

Introductory Training

Synopsis of solid waste regulations, record keeping, and transporter requirements.

• Requirement: All Personnel

Method: OJT

Review: Quarterly

Policies and Procedures

Security, inspections and emergency response.

• Requirement: All Personnel

Method: lecture/video course, OJT

Review: Quarterly

Safety

Personal protection, hazardous waste recognition, hazardous material handling, emergency response and first aid.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method: Classroom/video course

■ Review: Annual

A Safety Training meeting is held once a week taking a minimum of 15 minutes. Training documents would be kept with the OP for five years.

1.14 RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

The Landfill Director maintains the following operating records for the landfill:

- Records of inspection (Example Located in Appendix B)
- Records of training
- Annual and yearly reports

1.15 COSTS FOR CLOSURE

Final closure of the Transfer Station would be initiated within 120 days following receipt of the final load. Closure activities would include removal of all waste. Unfinished waste would be removed for disposal to the Wasatch Regional Landfill or transported for appropriate disposal. After removal of waste, the facility will be reclamated to allow for future use of the building. A "Statement of Fact" identifying use of the property for landfilling would be recorded with the

county recorder as part of the record of title and plat. Post closure activities would not be required. The estimated closure costs are shown in Table 1.4 on the next page.

TABLE 1.4
OPINION OF PROBABLE COSTS OF CLOSURE

Task	Quantity	Units	Unit	Task
			Cost	Cost
	CLOSURE			
Removal of Waste	75	TON	\$35.00	\$2,625
Building Reclamation	1	LS	\$10,000	\$10,000
			Total	\$12,625

1.16 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

Tooele County meets the financial assurance set forth in R315-309-2(3).

APPENDIX A

DRAINAGE ANALYSIS CALCULATIONS



Estimated Return Periods for Short Duration Precipitation Inches

Station: Tooele Latitude: 40° 32' Elevation: 4820 Longitude: 112° 18'

Duration

		5 Min.	10 min.	15 Min.	30 Min.	1 Hr	2 Hr	3 Hr	6 Hr	12 Hr	24 Hr
(Years)	1	0.11	0.18	0.22	0.31	0.39	0.49	0.59	0.83	1.05	1.27
	2	0.14	0.22	0.28	0.39	0.49	0.61	0.73	1.02	1.28	1.55
riod	5	0.19	0.29	0.37	0.51	0.65	0.8	0.94	1.3	1.62	1.95
Per	10	0.23	0.36	0.45	0.62	0.79	0.96	1.11	1.51	1.86	2.23
nrn	25	0.27	0.42	0.54	0.74	0.94	1.14	1.32	1.79	2.21	2.64
Retu	50	0.31	0.48	0.61	0.85	1.07	1.29	1.49	2.01	2.47	2.95
	100	0.34	0.53	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.41	1.64	2.22	2.73	3.27

Station: Trial Lake
Latitude: 40° 41'

Elevation: 9800 Longitude: 110° 58'

Duration

~		5 Min.	10 min.	15 Min.	30 Min.	1 Hr	2 Hr	3 Hr	6 Hr	12 Hr	24 Hr
ars	1	0.08	0.13	0.17	0.23	0.29	0.4	0.51	0.77	1.01	1.25
(Year	2	0.1	0.15	0.19	0.27	0.34	0.48	0.61	0.93	1.22	1.52
jod	5	0.13	0.2	0.25	0.35	0.44	0.61	0.77	1.18	1.54	1.92
Per	10	0.15	0.23	0.3	0.41	0.52	0.71	0.89	1.35	1.76	2.18
2	25	0.17	0.26	0.33	0.46	0.58	0.81	1.03	1.58	2.07	2.58
etu	50	0.19	0.29	0.36	0.51	0.64	0.9	1.15	1.77	2.32	2.9
æ	100	0.21	0.32	0.41	0.57	0.72	1.01	1.28	1.96	2.57	3.2

Time of Concentration Undeveloped

Sheet Flow	
Description Manning's N Flow Length Two Yr, 24 hr Rainfall Land Slope Computed Sheet flow time	
Shallow Concentrated Flow	
Description Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity Computed Shallow flow time	
Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity	

Graphical Peak Discharge Method Undeveloped

Given Input Data:	
Description	Undeveloped
Rainfall distribution	Type II
Frequency	25 year
Rainfall, P (24-hours)	2.6400 in
Drainage area	0.0103 mi2
Runoff curve number, CN	69
Time of concentration, Tc	0.2683 hrs
Pond and Swamp Areas	0.0000 % of Area
Computed Results:	
Initial abstraction, la	0.8986 in
la/P	0.3404
Unit peak discharge, qu	562.7149 csm/in
Runoff, Q	0.4865 in
Pond and swamp adjustment, Fp	
Peak discharge, qp	2.8195 cfs

Time of Concentration Developed

Sheet Flow	
Description	Developed
Manning's N	
Flow Length	300.0000 ft
Two Yr. 24 hr Rainfall	1.5500 ft/ft
Land Slope	0.0700 fps
Computed Sheet flow time	> 0.0484 hrs
Shallow Concentrated Flow	
Description	Davidanad
Description	Developed
Surface	Paved
SurfaceFlow Length	Paved700.0000 ft
SurfaceFlow LengthWatercourse Slope	Paved700.0000 ft0.0350 ft/ft
SurfaceFlow Length	
Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity	

Graphical Peak Discharge Method Developed

Given Input Data: Description	Developed
Rainfall distribution	Type II
Frequency	
Rainfall, P (24-hours)	2.6400 in
Drainage area	
Runoff curve number, CN	
Time of concentration, Tc	
Pond and Swamp Areas	0.0000 % of Area
Computed Results:	
Initial abstraction, la	0.0408 in
la/P	0.1000
Unit peak discharge, qu	1009.9968 csm/in
Runoff, Q	2.4100 in
Pond and swamp adjustment, Fp	
Peak discharge, qp	21.6631 cfs

APPENDIX B

MONITORING AND INSPECTION FORMS



TOOELE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY INSPECTION FORM

Site Name Site Location Facility Type: Municipal C/D Asbestos Inspection Type: Construction Permit Compla Consultation Training Site Acreage	Telephone Date
Site Location Figure Trust Municipal CID Asherton	Drivete Other (eracific)
Inspection Type: Multiplian C/D Assesses	int Routing Closure Post Closure
Consultation Training	Troduite
Cite Acres de	Fictimoted Site I if Remaining
LEGEND OF INSPECTION NOTATION: X = Violation, OK - No violation	, BLANK - Not inspected/Not applicable
UNAUTHORIZED WASTE EXCLUSION	LEACHATE COLLECTION SYSTEM
() 1. Incoming loads inspected	() 36. Constructed with a leachate collection system
(Check applicable methods)	37. Leachates collection system and operation approved
() Random ()10% () Suspicious	SURFACE WATER & RUN-ON/OFF CONTROL SYSTEM
Procedures for notification implemented Honor and the state of the state o	() 38. System for diverting 24-hour, 25-year storm event
(specify in remarks)	39. System for treating 24-hour, 25-year storm event
(phast) II resource)	40. Refuse impacted surface water properly discharged
WASTE COMPACTING	
4. Adequate waste compacting equipment available	FINAL COVER
() S. Waste compacting adequate	() 41. Covered with engineered system
DAILY COVER	42. 24 inch minimum thickness
	() 43. Final cover meets maximum permeability requirement
() 6. Daily cover provided (note type in remarks) () 7. Daily cover thickness adequate	() 44. Upper 6" capable of supporting vegetation
Addres Adamnor	() 45. Completed portions of landfill re-vegetated
ACCESS CONTROL () 8. Unauthorized access controlled	(note type in comments)
(note measures in remarks)	GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM
·	() 46. Groundwater monitoring system in place
LITTER CONTROL	47. Groundwater sampled and analyzed at required intervals
9. Litter control program in place	48. Department has latest groundwater results performed 49. Statistical comparison of analytical results performed
() 10. Access roads and facility free of litter	50. Walls: locked, concrete pad intact, casing intact, covered
DISEASE & VECTOR CONTROL	() , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
() 11. Rodent, mosquito, fly measures taken	CLOSURE PLAN
() 12. Rodent, mosquito, fly conditions present	() 51. Methods, procedures, and process to be used for closure () 52. Estimate of the portion of the landfill open for disposal
AIR QUALITY	() 53. Estimate of the maximum inventory of wastes during
() 13. Open burning	landfill lifetime
() 14. Surface or subsurface fires	() 54. Description of the final cover design
() 15. Appropriate air emission parameters monitored	() 55. Schedule to complete closure
() 16. Fugitive dust controls in place	S6. Inspections for setting S7. Inspections for subsidence
RECORD KEEPING	58. Inspections for erosion
(Documents kept and available)	() 59. Erosion prevention plan
() 17. Hard copy of operational plan	() 60. Maintenance and operations for leachate collection
() 18. Employees trained on operational plan	and disposal
19. Closure and post-closure plans 20. Cost estimates and financial assurance documents	() 61. Groundwater monitoring () 62. Methane gas monitoring
() 21. Incoming load inspections	• • •
- 7 A	FINANCIAL ASSURANCE
22. Rejected waste todas (including namer a name) 23. Groundwater monitoring results 24. Methane gas monitoring results 25. Air emissions monitoring 26. County and State inspections 27. Personnel trained	() 63. Cost estimate of third party closure implementation
() 24. Methane gas monitoring results	64. Cost estimate of third party post-closure implementation
() 25. Air emissions monitoring () 26. County and State inspections	() 65. Mechanism for funding closure and post-closure care
() 27. Personnel trained	SITING RESTRICTION
28. Training program procedures	() 66. 10,000 feet from turbojet aircraft sirport
() 29. Inspection procedures	() 67. 5,000 feet from piston aircraft airport
30. Closure and post-closure plans	() 68. In a 100-year flood plain
() 31. Cost estimates and financial assurance	69. Measures taken to divert water flow from facility 70. Any part of facility or expansion area in a wetland
LINER	() 70. May part of fainthy of expansion there is a would of the fail of the fa
() 32. Constructed with an impermeable liner system	() 72. Within "seismic impact zone"
(specify type and thickness in remarks)	() 73. Within landslide prone area
	() 74. Within subsidence prone area
EXPLOSIVE GASES	() 75. Over Karst terrain or caverns
() 33. Methane gas recovery or venting system in place (specify type in remarks)	() 76. Within expansive soils area
() 34. Methane gas monitored Env. I	Health Specialist Signature:
Facilit	v Operator Signature:

Attachment #9

Recycling & Composting
Plan of Operation

Appendix L – Recycling and Compost Facility Plan of Operations	

TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING FACILITY PLAN OF OPERATION



TOOELE COUNTY

47 South Main Tooele, Utah 84074 435-833-9520

March 2009



TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING FACILITY PLAN OF OPERATION

Prepared for:

TOOELE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOLID WASTE

47 South Main Tooele, Utah 84074

Prepared by:

ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

1975 North Main. – Suite 3 Layton, Utah 84041

March 2009

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CHAPTER 1 PLAN OF OPERATION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Tooele County is currently operating a Recycling and Composting Facility (Compost Facility) at its existing solid waste facility site near Bauer, Utah. The Compost Facility is designed, constructed, and operated in accordance with applicable Federal and State laws and standards. In conjunction with the Compost Facility, Tooele County operates a Waste Transfer Station, Class IIIb Landfill (Closed), Class IV Landfill, and a Scale House. This General Plan of Operation (OP) has been prepared to satisfy standards established by the State of Utah Solid Waste Permitting and Management Rules (Rules), Section R315-312-Recycling and Composting Facility Standards.





CLOSED CLASS IIIb LANDFILL



TRANSFER STATION



SCALE HOUSE

CLASS IV LANDFILL



The site is located approximately six miles south of Tooele, Utah on the southwest flank of the Oquirrh Mountains as shown on Figure 1.1. The Landfill Facility location is the site of a former sand and gravel pit, situated on Lake Bonneville shoreline deposits, sloping to the west toward the valley floor. The surficial soils are silty or sandy with scattered gravel.

The site is not located within 500 feet of any permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, office building, restaurant, church, wetlands, watercourses, or floodplains.

Presently, solid waste generated in Tooele County is transported to the site and sorted. Construction and demolition (C&D) waste and all green waste are composted or disposed of on site. Recyclable materials are sorted for shipment. Portions of the municipal waste, which are not compostable or recyclable, are bailed and shipped for disposal to Wasatch Regional Landfill also located in Tooele County, Utah.

Table 1.1 shows the distribution of waste excluding the Class IIIb Landfill, which was permitted in April of 2000 for a remediation project in the Town of Stockton. Its mono-fill waste does not contribute to the compostable waste stream and has been closed.

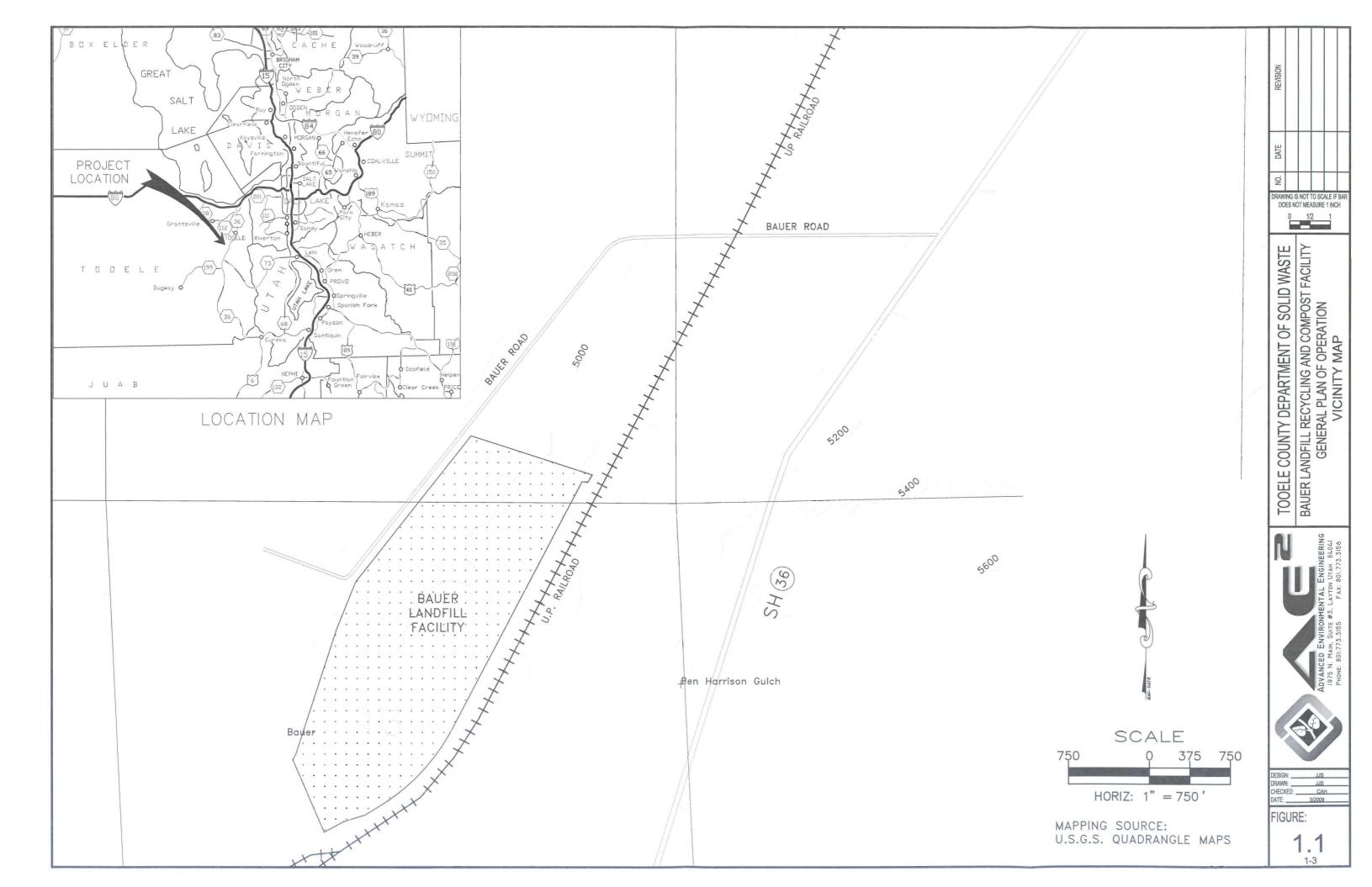
TABLE 1.1
DISTRIBUTION OF WASTE

Year	Delivered Waste (tons)	Annual Increase (percent) 1	Diverted Waste (tons) ²	Annual Increase (percent) 1	Disposed Class IV Waste (tons)	Annual Increase (percent) 1
2005	60,795	1.3	33,205	0.3	24,788	1.3
2006	94,669	1.6	64,391	1.9	30,278	1.2
2007	117,088	1.2	65,836	1.0	48,299	1.6
2008	65,164	2.1	25,586	-2.4	24,403	1.0

¹ Annual increase was calculated using 1998 data.



² Diversions include Transfer Station, Composting, and Recycling.

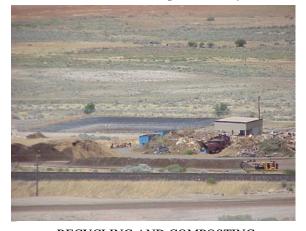


1.2 PURPOSE

The purpose of this OP is to characterize the operation of the Compost Facility for permitting and management purposes. A landfill is a dynamic system that undergoes continual development. Changes may occur in quantities of disposed materials, topography of the landfill, demographics of the service area, and administrative and regulatory requirements. These changes would be accomplished to conserve landfill space and protect human health and the environment. The intent of this OP is to provide an accurate description of the daily operations and procedures while allowing for modifications that may be required to compensate for operational changes.

1.3 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The location of the Compost Facility in relation to the other operations at the Bauer Landfill

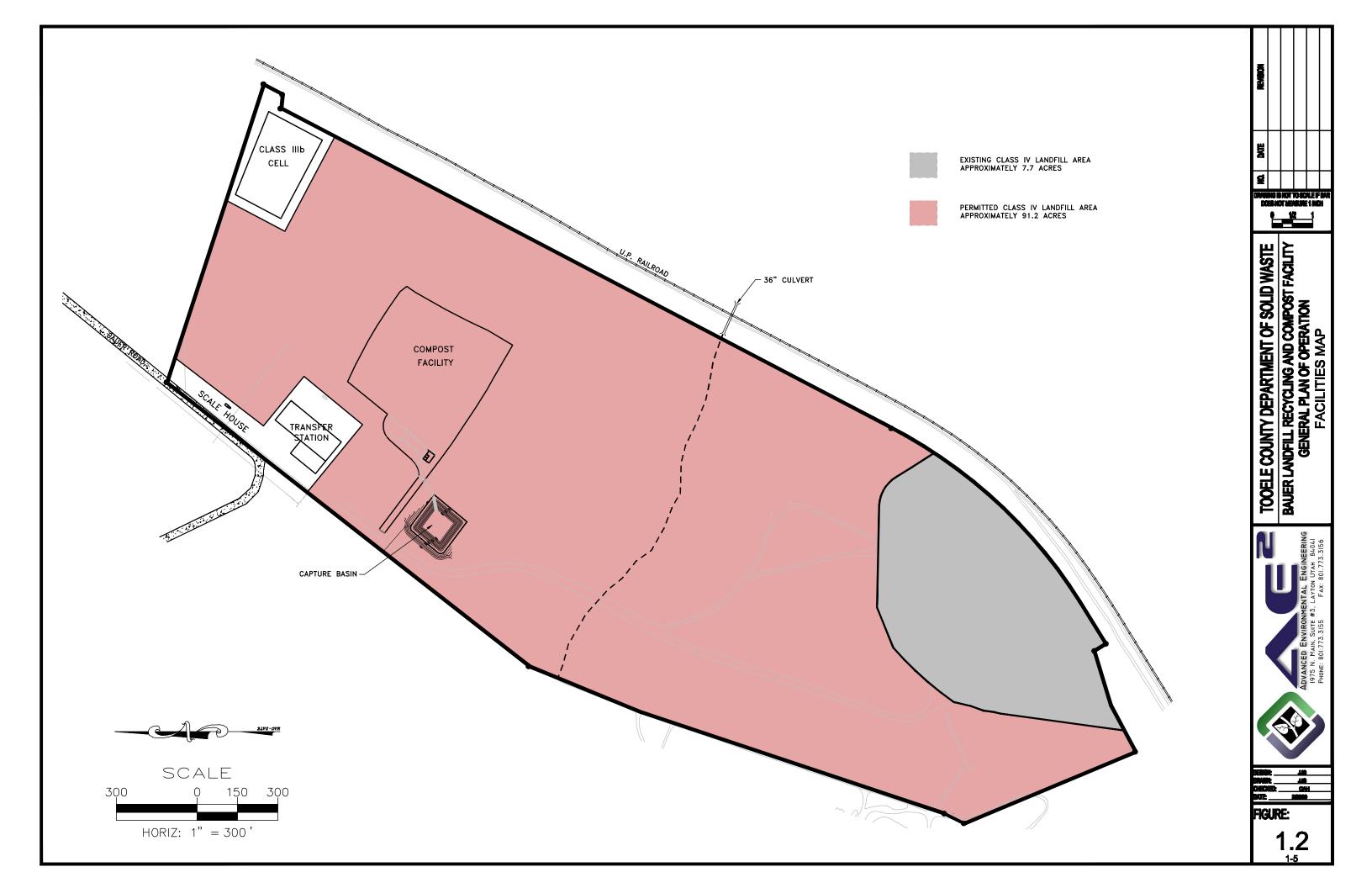


RECYCLING AND COMPOSTING FACILITY

Facility is shown on Figure 1.2. The Compost Facility is located east of the Transfer Station on an asphalt pad surface that drains to the west at a slope of 7%. The pad was built in accordance to the Rules. Storm water run-off from the pad is routed to a capture basin located south of the Transfer Station. The basin is approximately 124 feet square by 18 feet deep and is used to store water necessary in the composting process. The unused

process water drains back to the basin for reuse. The make-up water is obtained from the Transfer Station by directly watering the piles or by filling the basin for future use. Matter that settles and accumulates in the capture basin is removed and disposed as needed.





1.4 FACILITY LEGAL DESCRIPTION

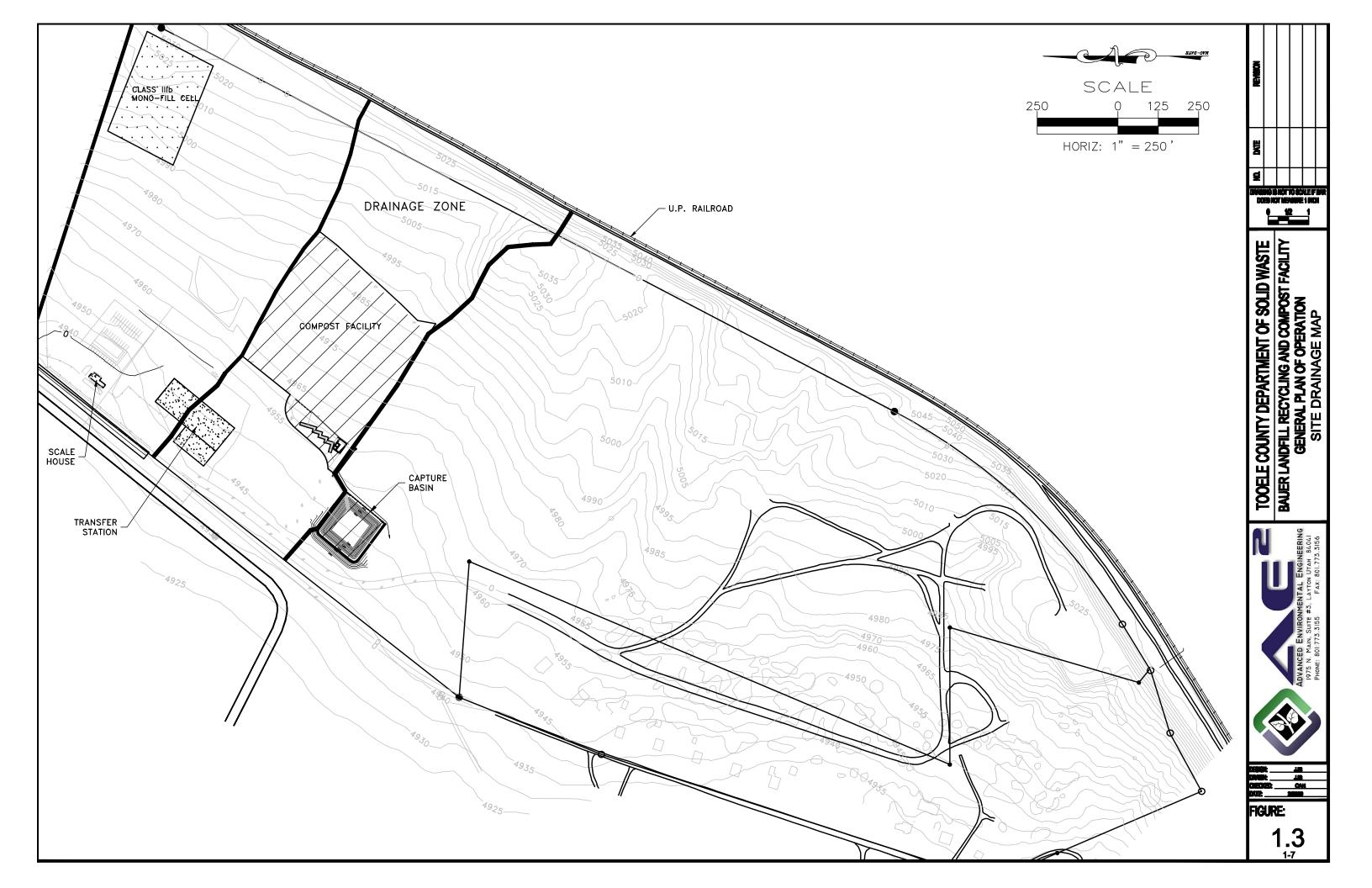
The site is located in Section 13, Township 4 South, Range 5 West, Salt Lake Base and Meridian and is more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point North 28° 23' 03" East 4,438.14 from the common corner to sections 13, 14, 23, and 24 and considering the South line of the Southeast quarter of Section 14 to bear South 88° 55' 37" West; thence North 37° 33' 57" East 1,709.54 feet; thence South 72° 34' 43" East 1,164.95 feet to the West right of way line of the Union Pacific Railroad; thence along said right of way line the following courses, South 27° 04' 36" West 78.92 feet; thence North 83° 05' 55" West 53.19 feet; thence South 27° 04' 36" West 2,562.27 feet; thence 978.55 feet along a curve to the right having a radius of 1823.09 feet and along a chord of which bears South 42° 27' 13" West 966.84 feet; thence South 57° 49' 50" West 167.41 feet, thence North 32° 08' 16" West 50 feet; thence leaving said right of way North 15° 19' 21" East 606.74 feet; thence West 425.00 feet; thence North 21° 21' 18" East 1633.03 feet; thence South 89° 01' 49" West 407.88 feet more or less to the point of beginning. Subject to all easements and rights of way of record.

1.5 RUN-ON/RUN-OFF ANALYSIS

For permitting purposes, a drainage analysis was completed for the Bauer Landfill Facility. The Compost Facility is located in one of the drainage zones established for the analysis as identified on Figure 1.3. This drainage zone is isolated from upstream run-off by an elevated railroad grade to the east, which routes the run-off south along the tracks. The peak run-off flow generated from the 25-year 24-hour storm event was determined for this drainage zone by applying the U.S. Soil Conservation Service Technical Release Number 55 (SCS TR-55) method. For the analysis, the drainage zone was divided into a developed subzone and an undeveloped subzone because run-off east of the asphalt pad is diverted around the pad with the use of channels and berms. The developed subzone includes the compost pad and the capture basin. The undeveloped subzone is the remaining area east of the compost pad.





The volume of water generated from the developed subzone for a 25-year 24-hour storm event was calculated to check the maximum operating water level in the capture basin. The peak discharge from the undeveloped subzone was used to calculate the required channel size to divert the run-off. Table 1.2 shows the results of the analysis. Appendix A contains printouts from the hydrologic analysis.

TABLE 1.2DRAINAGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parcel	Area	Time of	Peak	Runoff	Volume
	(acres)	Concentration	Discharge	Q (in)	(ft^3)
		(hours)	(cfs)		
Developed	5.7	0.05	21.7	2.41	49,830
Undeveloped	6.6	0.27	2.8	0.49	11,641

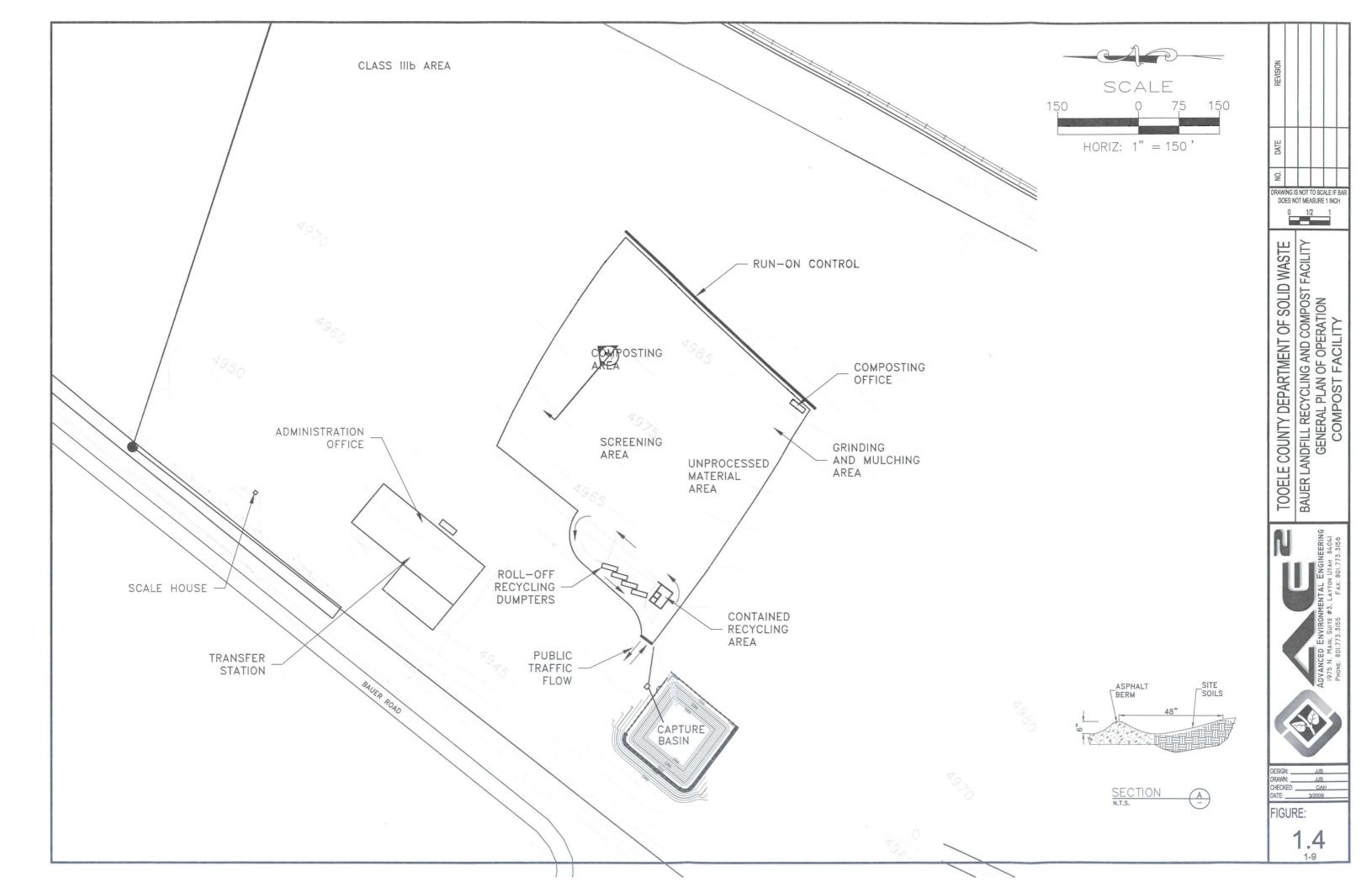
The results indicate that the capture basin water surface should remain 5 feet below the rim to satisfy the storage requirements. Currently the normal working water surface is maintained approximately 8 feet below the rim elevation and could be adjusted accordingly.

The run-off generated from the undeveloped subzone is diverted and routed around the compost pad and capture basin through strategically placed channels and berms. The required size of trapezoidal channel necessary to divert the run-off is 8"deep by 24" wide with 2.5H:1V side slopes. This size criterion was then used to check the existing berms and channels for capacity requirements. The current run-off diverting mechanisms are expected to meet the capacity requirements to divert the 25-year 24-hour storm event.

1.6 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

Figure 1.4 shows the current layout of the Compost Facility. The composting office is located on the east of the composting pad, and the public recycling center is located on the west side. The remaining area is used for composting purposes.





1.6.1 Recycling

Recycling areas are located at the Transfer Station and the public recycling center. Employees of the Transfer Station sort recyclable materials, which are later bailed





BAILER FOR RECYCLABLE REFUSE COLLECTED IN THE TRANSFER STATION

PUBLIC RECYCLING BINS

and stockpiled for transportation. The public recycling center uses roll-off recycling dumpsters for sorting recyclable materials. Recycling contractors provide and maintain their own roll-off dumpsters on site. Typical recyclable materials that are bailed and sorted in the dumpsters include cardboard, metals, white paper, carpet pad, foam rubber, tires, and batteries. Stockpiled recyclable materials are typically stored on site for six months or less. Regulations require that 50% of the stockpiled recyclable materials on hand at the beginning of the year be removed by the end of the year or the facility will be considered as disposing, of the recyclable materials.

1.6.2 Compost / Mulch

The compost generated at the facility would be a mixture of green waste, biodegradable (C&D) waste, and a nitrogen source. Mulch would be a mixture of green waste and biodegradable (C&D) waste. Green waste used in the process includes grass and yard clippings. C&D waste includes lumber and other



biodegradable materials. Nitrogen sources could be from agricultural waste, biosolids, or fertilizers.



STOCKPILED COMPOSTING INGREDENTS

The speed at which a windrow will compost is dependent on the carbon to nitrogen ratio, surface area, aeration, moisture, and temperature.

Heat is produced as the microorganisms decompose. This production of heat is used to monitor the composting process. The temperature of the piles can be

adjusted by the surface area, turning frequency, and water content. All of these methods are used and modified as necessary. Obviously the high temperatures will decrease in the winter months resulting in a slowed decomposition rate.

a) Composting Procedures

During the compost process, operation records are maintained and keep in the composting office. Possible operational forms are included in Appendix B.



MECHANICAL GRINDER

The composting process includes two stages. The initial stage, starts with the mulching of raw materials. The mulched materials are then mixed with the other composting ingredients and placed in windrows, which are watered and ventilated as needed. The typical summer time



windrows are 12 feet high and 24 feet wide. The space and availability of materials allow windrows up to 150 feet in length. The winter windrows are typically taller and wider to help maintain the appropriate temperature. The



TYPICAL COMPOSTING WINDROWS



MECHANICAL SCREEN

windows remain in the first stage until the temperature rises dramatically. At this point the windows advance to the next stage, where two parallel windrows are mixed together to form one windrow. This combined windrow is mixed and watered as required to maintain a temperature range of 140-160°F for a period of not less than seven days. After the sevenday period, the compost remains in windrows until it has matured and stabilized. Upon stabilization, the windows are screened and stockpiled for purchase by the public. The screened materials are returned to the beginning of the process. Under normal conditions the composting process takes 2-3

months. Fees are collected at the Scale House and currently all matured compost is being sold.

Special precautions and procedures have been developed for the following operating conditions:

Wind: Increase water duration cycles to decrease potential for low water content and the generation of fugitive dust.



Heavy Rain: Maintain appropriate drainage pathways around windrows and inspect run-on and run-off control devices.

Snow: During the winter months the windrows are built higher and wider to account for lower ambient temperatures. Fallen snow will rapidly turn to water resulting in elevated water contents and lower watering requirements.

Freezing Temperatures: During freezing conditions, the windrows are built higher and wider. The composting process usually will require additional time.

b) Mulching Procedures

The mulching process involves grinding and mixing raw materials and then stockpiling them to be sold.

1.6.3 Equipment

The following equipment is currently stationed and used at the landfill to spread or compact waste, control dust, and perform other facility operations.

1	Bailer	1	Boom Truck
1	Roll-off Truck	2	End Dump Trucks
2	Water Tanks	1	Roller
2	Dozers	1	Grader
2	Earth Scrapers	1	Pickup Dump Truck
2	Tool Carriers	4	Loaders
1	Tub Grinder	1	Fork lift
1	Compost Turner	1	Skid Steer
1	Trommel Screen		

The County will maintain sufficient equipment to operate the Compost Facility.



1-13

1.7 ON-SITE LINES OF AUTHORITY

The Compost Facility is owned and operated by Tooele County. Daily operation of the Compost Facility and related facilities is under the direction of the Landfill Manager. In the event of the Landfill Manager's absence, a Senior Operator is the designate in charge of the landfill.

At the beginning of each working day, the Landfill Manager is responsible for informing Operators of any upcoming changes in their normal responsibilities. The Landfill Manager or Senior Operator is notified if windrow temperatures for compost are not in the normal temperature range or if unusual odors are detected. The Landfill Manager or Senior Operator will then take action.

1.8 MONITORING AND INSPECTION SCHEDULE

The schedule for monitoring and inspection of the Compost Facility to ensure proper operation and maintenance is provided in the Table 1.3. The following items are housed in the compost office: monitoring and inspection equipment, monitoring forms, and a schematic of the windrow placement with assigned identification numbers. When the windrows are stockpiled for public purchase, all monitoring forms are transferred from the composting office to the Administration Office and are filed for later use.

TABLE 1.3
MONITORING AND INSPECTION SCHEDULE

Inspection/Monitoring Activity	Frequency		
Windrow Temperature	During operation as needed		
Access Road Condition and	During operation as needed		
Maintenance			
Fence Inspection and Maintenance	Monthly		
Run-on	Following a significant storm event		



Asphalt Pad	Monthly	
Run-off to Capture Basin	Monthly	
Equipment Maintenance	Per manufacturers recommendations	

1.9 CONTINGENCY PLAN

The Contingency Plan is designed to minimize hazards to human health or the environment from any unplanned sudden or non-sudden discharge to air, soil, surface, or groundwater. The provisions of this plan would be carried out immediately upon an emergency situation or release, which could threaten human health or the environment. Emergency evacuation of the site would not be necessary given the nature of the waste materials stored and processed at the site. The probabilities of incidents caused by fire, explosion, or toxic vapor generation are remote.

1.9.1 Fire or Explosion

The primary means of fire control in the Compost Facility is to isolate hot or burning fuel source. In the event that a fire does erupt during operating hours, the burning material would be separated from the other materials and doused with water. This action would be supported, when necessary, by the mobilization of additional equipment owned and operated by the County.

1.9.2 Explosive Gas Release

Under proper operating procedures, significant amounts of explosive gas are not expected. If significant amounts of explosive gas were being generated, the Landfill Manager or Senior Operator would be notified. The Landfill Manager or Senior Operator would then take steps to remedy the problem, typically by turning the windrows.



1.9.3 Failure of a Containment System

The asphalt pad and the runoff capture basin are visually inspected monthly. Should failure of these containment systems occur, the containment system would be repaired or replaced.

1.10 ALTERNATIVE WASTE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL PLAN

If problems were to occur that prevented the use of the Compost Facility, the materials would be either be stockpiled or redirected to the Class IV Landfill. In the event that any problems result in the handling of the materials directed to the Class IV Landfill, the materials would be redirected to the Transfer Station. In the event of a major equipment failure in the Transfer Station, materials would be loaded and shipped off site to Wasatch Regional Landfill for disposal. In the event of a problem resulting in a complete shutdown of Wasatch Regional Landfill, materials would be redirected to the West Wendover and/or Elko Nevada Solid Waste Facilities.

1.11 PROCEDURES FOR CONTROLLING DISEASE VECTORS

Disease vectors in and around the composting area are controlled through frequency of aeration and the prevention of standing water. Control of disease vectors in the Transfer Station is either by bailing or stockpiling recyclables within four days of placement on the tipping floor.

1.12 PROCEDURES FOR EXCLUDING THE RECEIPT OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

A "Prohibited Waste" control program designed to detect and deter attempts to dispose of hazardous and other unacceptable waste is presently implemented at the Tooele County Solid Waste Management Facility. The program is designed to protect the health and safety of employees, customers, and the general public, as well as protect against contamination of the environment. The Landfill Manager is in charge of hazardous waste activities.



The site is open for public and private disposal. Signs are posted near the site entrance clearly indicating (1) the types of waste to be accepted; (2) that hazardous waste is to be excluded; and (3) the penalty for illegal disposal. All vehicles delivering waste to the site are stopped at the Scale House. Scale House personnel, to the extent possible, visually inspect incoming waste for hazardous materials. Any vehicle suspected of carrying unacceptable materials (liquid waste, sludge, or hazardous waste) is prevented from entering the disposal site area. Vehicles carrying hazardous materials are required to exit the site without tipping their loads. If a load contains or was suspected of containing hazardous materials, the Landfill Manager is notified and the following information recorded for future reference: date, name of hauler, and license plate number.

After the load has been visually inspected at the Scale House, the vehicle is directed to the appropriate discharge location. Facility personnel regularly inspect loads at the sites. If a discharged load contains hazardous material, the discharger is required to reload the material and remove it from the site. The discharger is then instructed on acceptable locations and methods for disposal and the local health department notified.

If the identity of discharger were unknown, the area where the hazardous material was discharged would be cordoned off. The hazardous material would be moved to a designated area for identification and preparation for proper disposal.

The Operators at the Transfer Station are responsible for identification and prohibition of excluded waste. All employees are trained in methods and techniques for spotting liquid waste, drums, waste in sealed containers, red-bag waste, PCB waste, and waste which exhibited unusual odors or markings. All such waste are excluded from the landfill facility and upon discovery, segregated from acceptable waste pending alternative disposal.



1.13 GENERAL TRAINING AND SAFETY PLAN

Each employee at the landfill facility is trained to have a working knowledge of the maintenance and operational techniques necessary to operate and maintain the landfill facility in a manner to preserve human health or safety and the environment. Training is accomplished through on-the-job training (OJT) and classroom training sessions. The Landfill Manager, or a designated professional trainer, is in charge of directing the training programs. Initial training is completed within three months of employment followed by an annual review of basic waste management skills.

1.13.1 Training Schedule

The Landfill Manager is required to take the SWANA <u>Manager of Landfill</u>

<u>Operations</u> (MOLO) course. In addition, Operators are required to take one or both of the SWANA training courses: <u>Landfill Operator Training</u>, and <u>Waste Screening</u>. Continuing education efforts include the following:

Introductory Training

Synopsis of solid waste regulations, record keeping, and transporter requirements.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method: OJT

Review: Quarterly

Policies and Procedures

Security, inspections and emergency response.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method: lecture/video course, OJT

• Review: Quarterly



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<u>Safety</u>

Personal protection, hazardous waste recognition, hazardous material handling, emergency response and first aid.

Requirement: All Personnel

Method: Classroom/video course

■ Review: Annual

A Safety Training meeting is held once a week taking a minimum of 15 minutes. Training documents would be kept with the OP for five years.

1.14 RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

The Landfill Manager maintains the following operating records for the landfill:

- Records of inspection (Example Located in Appendix B)
- Records of training

1.15 COSTS FOR CLOSURE

Final closure of the Compost Facility would be initiated within 120 days following receipt of the final load. Closure activities would include removal of all compost, mulch, and materials on the compost pad. Unfinished compost would be removed for disposal in the Class IV Landfill or transported for appropriate disposal. Finished compost would be sold or stockpiled for final cover applications. Unfinished mulch would be removed for disposal in the Class IV Landfill or transported for appropriate disposal. Finished mulch would be sold or stockpiled for final cover applications. The asphalt pad would not be removed, but would be cleaned with water. The remaining wash water would either be evaporated or disposed of properly. The capture basin liner would be disposed of in the Class IV Landfill or transported for appropriate disposal. The depression left by the capture basin would then be filled in with site soils. A "Statement of Fact" identifying use of the property for landfilling



General Plan of Operation

would be recorded with the county recorder as part of the record of title and plat. Post closure activities would not be required. The estimated closure costs are shown below in Table 1.4.

TABLE 1.4

COSTS FOR CLOSURE

Task	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Task Cost
	CLOSURE			
Collect & Spread Woodchips	55	TON	\$16.00	\$880
Empty Irrigation Basin	1	LS	\$2,000	\$2,000
			Total	\$2,880

1.16 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

Tooele County meets the financial assurance set forth in R315-309-2(3).



APPENDIX A

DRAINAGE ANALYSIS CALCULATIONS



Station: Tooele Latitude: 40° 32' Elevation: 4820 Longitude: 112° 18'

Duration

<u> </u>		5 Min.	10 min.	15 Min.	30 Min.	1 Hr	2 Hr	3 Hr	6 Hr	12 Hr	24 Hr
ars)	1	0.11	0.18	0.22	0.31	0.39	0.49	0.59	0.83	1.05	1.27
(Уеа	2	0.14	0.22	0.28	0.39	0.49	0.61	0.73	1.02	1.28	1.55
Period	5	0.19	0.29	0.37	0.51	0.65	0.8	0.94	1.3	1.62	1.95
Per	10	0.23	0.36	0.45	0.62	0.79	0.96	1.11	1.51	1.86	2.23
urn	25	0.27	0.42	0.54	0.74	0.94	1.14	1.32	1.79	2.21	2.64
Retu	50	0.31	0.48	0.61	0.85	1.07	1.29	1.49	2.01	2.47	2.95
	100	0.34	0.53	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.41	1.64	2.22	2.73	3.27

Station: Trial Lake Latitude: 40° 41' Elevation: 9800 Longitude: 110° 58'

Duration

		5 Min.	10 min.	15 Min.	30 Min.	1 Hr	2 Hr	3 Hr	6 Hr	12 Hr	24 Hr
(Years)	1	0.08	0.13	0.17	0.23	0.29	0.4	0.51	0.77	1.01	1.25
	2	0.1	0.15	0.19	0.27	0.34	0.48	0.61	0.93	1.22	1.52
riod	5	0.13	0.2	0.25	0.35	0.44	0.61	0.77	1.18	1.54	1.92
Per	10	0.15	0.23	0.3	0.41	0.52	0.71	0.89	1.35	1.76	2.18
ILL	25	0.17	0.26	0.33	0.46	0.58	0.81	1.03	1.58	2.07	2.58
Retu	50	0.19	0.29	0.36	0.51	0.64	0.9	1.15	1.77	2.32	2.9
~	100	0.21	0.32	0.41	0.57	0.72	1.01	1.28	1.96	2.57	3.2

Time of Concentration Developed

Description Manning's N Flow Length Two Yr, 24 hr Rainfall Land Slope	
Computed Sheet flow time Shallow Concentrated Flow	> 0.0484 nrs
Description Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity Computed Shallow flow time	

Graphical Peak Discharge Method Developed

Given Input Data:	
Description	Developed
Rainfall distribution	Type II
Frequency	25 year
Rainfall, P (24-hours)	2.6400 in
Drainage area	0.0089 mi2
Runoff curve number, CN	98
Time of concentration, Tc	0.1000 hrs
Pond and Swamp Areas	
Computed Results:	
Initial abstraction, la	0.0408 in
la/P	0.1000
Unit peak discharge, qu	1009.9968 csm/in
Runoff, Q	2.4100 in
Pond and swamp adjustment, Fp	
Peak discharge, qp	21.6631 cfs

Time of Concentration Undeveloped

Sheet Flow	
Description	Undeveloped
Manning's N	0.1300
Flow Length	300.0000 ft
Two Yr. 24 hr Rainfall	1.5500 ft/ft
Land Slope	0.1070 fps
Computed Sheet flow time	> 0.2577 hrs
Shallow Concentrated Flow	
Description	
Surface	Unpaved
SurfaceFlow Length	Unpaved170.0000 ft
SurfaceFlow Length	
Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity	
SurfaceFlow Length	
Surface Flow Length Watercourse Slope Velocity	

Graphical Peak Discharge Method Undeveloped

Given Input Data: Description Rainfall distribution Frequency Rainfall, P (24-hours) Drainage area Runoff curve number, CN Time of concentration, Tc Pond and Swamp Areas	
Computed Results: Initial abstraction, Ia	

Channel Calculator Channel Flow for Run-On

Given Input Data:
ShapeTrapezoidal
Solving ForDepth of Flow
Flowrate
Slope
Manning's n
Height
Bottom Width
Left Slope
Right Slope
Computed Results:
Depth
Velocity
Flow Area
Flow Perimeter
Hydraulic Radius
Top Width
Area4.5 ft2
Perimeter
Percent Full
Critical Information:
Critical Depth4.0861 in
Critical Slope
Critical Velocity
Critical Area
Critical Perimter
Critical Hydraulic Radius
Critical Top Slope
Specific Energy
Minimum Energy
Froude Number
Flow Condition

APPENDIX B

MONITORING AND INSPECTION FORMS



Compost Facility

		U U I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
# Manure Loads	Date	# Buckets of Chips	Date	Other Material	Date

Notes:			

Attachment #10

Closure & Post-Closure Care

Appendix M – I	Post-Closure C	are for the Cl	ass IIIB Land	lfill

Post-Closure Care

Post-Closure Requirements for the Class IIIB Landfill

Tooele County shall provide post-closure activities for a further period of 30 years, or as long as the Director determines is necessary for the facility or unit to become stabilized and to protect human health and the environment, for the purpose of ensuring the continued effectiveness of final cover and drainage systems. The Class IIIB Landfill was permitted in 2000 and began post-closure care in 2005.

Post-closure maintenance activities consist of quarterly inspections of the cover and run-on/runoff control systems. Tooele County Health Department has provided a standard form which has been attached. Any required maintenance is logged in the inspection log with an expected completion date for corrective measures to be completed. When the needed repairs are completed, the affected area or areas are then re-inspected, and the date when the completion of the corrective measure along with the inspector's signature is included on the inspection log. Maintenance activities are completed in a timely manner to maintain functionality of the cover and run-on/runoff control systems.

To monitor the stability of the closed landfill, periodically elevation surveys have been completed. The elevation monitoring locations for the Class IIIB Cell were installed, and originally surveyed, in 2008, then in 2009, and again in November 2020 as an effort to determine the amount of settlement that has occurred over time. Attached is a copy of a drawing showing the survey details. The data for the recent survey and past surveys are contained in the table below.

Class IIIB Cell	Survey Date	Survey Date	Survey Date October
Monitoring Location	November 2020	December 2009	2008
R/C 1	1.17ft.	1.23 ft.	1.23 ft.
R/C 2	5.59 ft.	5.48 ft.	5.48 ft.
R/C 3	11.58 ft.	11.4 ft.	11.4 ft.
R/C 4	15.64 ft.	15.45 ft.	15.45 ft.
R/C 5	8.76 ft.	8.61 ft.	8.61 ft.
R/C 6	3.18 ft.	3.01 ft.	3.01 ft.
R/C 7	017 ft.	-0.14 ft.	-0.14 ft.
R/C 8	2.6 ft.	2.53 ft.	2.53 ft.

Note: The data listed above is the difference in elevation from the landfill control point, located east of the Class IIIB Cell, and the eight Class IIIB Cell elevation monitoring locations.

Post-Closure Care

As the data shows, the Class IIIB Cell has experienced very minor settlement over the past 12 years, the most significant settlement has occurred at R/C 4 at only 2 ¼ inches. The careful placement and compaction of the contaminated soil has proven effective in mitigating settlement. The minor level of settlement that has and will occur in the future is believed to have no impact on the long-term stability of the closed Class IIIB Cell.

It is important to note that the post-closure plan may be amended if conditions and circumstances justify such amendment. If it is determined that amendment of a facility or unit post-closure plan is required, the Director may direct that facility post-closure procedures, in part or whole, to cease until the amendment has been reviewed and approved.

When post-closure activities are complete, as determined by the Director, the owner or operator shall submit a certification to the Director, signed by a representative of Tooele County and a professional engineer registered in the state of Utah stating why post-closure activities are no longer necessary. If the Director finds that post-closure monitoring has established that the facility or unit is stabilized (i.e., little or no settlement, gas production, or leachate generation) the Director may authorize the Tooele County to discontinue any portion, or the entirety, of post-closure maintenance and monitoring activities.

Upon receipt of certification of closure and no later than 60 days Tooele County shall:

- i. Submit plats and a statement of fact concerning the location of any disposal site to the county recorder to be recorded as part of the record of title; and
- ii. Submit proof of record of title filing to the Director.

Records and plans specifying solid waste amounts, location, and periods of operation may be required by the local zoning authority with jurisdiction over land use and be made available for public inspection. The current facility contact during post-closure care for the Class IIIB Landfill is as follows:

Bauer Solid Waste Facility

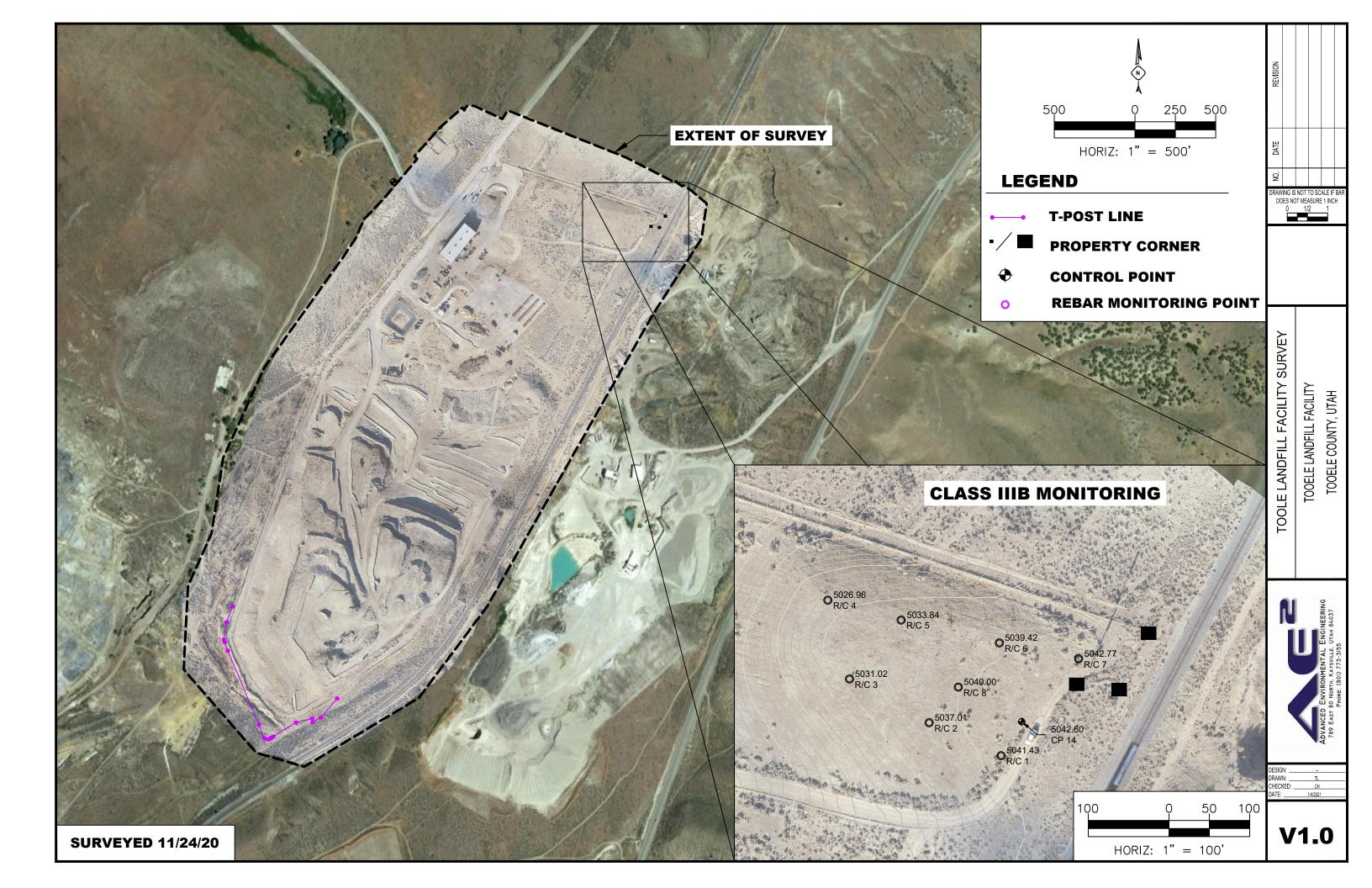
Wayne Anderton 47 South Main Tooele, UT 84074 Telephone: (435) 843-4785

Email: wayne.anderton@tooeleco.org

Tooele County continues to put monies in a PTIF closure and post-closure Account. The current balance of the fund is \$385,995.45 which covers the costs of closure and post-closure activities. In addition, Tooele County Department of Solid Waste demonstrates financial assurance set forth in subsection R315-309-3(7) entitled Local Government Financial Test.

TOOELE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY INSPECTION FORM

Site Name	Telephone Date Site Owner/Operator Private Other (specify) plaint Routine Closure Post-Closure
To the Property Management CID Asharton	Private Other (specify)
Facility Type: Municipal C/D Asbestos Inspection Type: Construction Permit Con	plaint Routine Closure Post-Closure
Consultation Training	
Site Acreage	Estimated Site Life Remaining
LEGEND OF INSPECTION NOTATION: X = Violation, OK - No violation, OK -	
UNAUTHORIZED WASTE EXCLUSION	LEACHATE COLLECTION SYSTEM
() 1. Incoming loads inspected	36. Constructed with a leachate collection system 37. Leachates collection system and operation approved
(Check applicable methods) () Random ()10% ()Suspicious	() 37. Lesseisses collection system and operation approved
	SURFACE WATER & RUN-ON/OFF CONTROL SYSTEM
3. Unauthorized or hazardous waste accepted	38. System for diverting 24-hour, 25-year storm event
(specify in remarks)	39. System for treating 24-hour, 25-year storm event 40. Refuse impacted auriace water properly discharged
WASTE COMPACTING	() do your makes
4. Adequate waste companing equipment available	TINIAT CONTER
() 5. Waste compacting adequate	FINAL COVER () 41. Covered with engineered system
DAILY COVER	() 42, 24 inch minimum thickness
() 6. Daily cover provided (note type in remarks)	() 43. Final cover meets maximum permeability requirement
() 7. Daily cover thickness adequate	44. Upper 6" capable of supporting vegetation 45. Completed portions of landfull re-vegetated
ACCESS CONTROL	(note type in comments)
() 8. Unauthorized access controlled	
(note measures in remarks)	GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM () 46. Groundwater monitoring system in place
LITTER CONTROL	(i) 47. Groundwater sampled and analyzed at required intervals
() 9. Litter control program in place	() 48. Department has latest groundwater results performed
10. Access roads and facility free of litter	() 49. Statistical comparison of analytical results performed () 50. Walls: locked, concrete pad intact, casing intact, covered
DISEASE & VECTOR CONTROL	
() .11. Rodent, mosquito, fly measures taken	CLOSURE PLAN
() 12. Rodent, mosquito, fly conditions present	51. Methods, procedures, and process to be used for closure 52. Estimate of the portion of the landfill open for disposal
AIR QUALITY	 53. Estimate of the maximum inventory of wastes during
() 13. Open burning)andfill lifetime () 54. Description of the final cover design
14. Surface or subsurface fires 15. Appropriate air emission parameters monitored	() 55. Schedule to complete closure
16. Fugitive dust controls in place	() 56. Inspections for setting
	57. Inspections for subsidence 58. Inspections for erosion
RECORD KEEPING (Documents kept and available)	() 59. Erosion prevention plan
() 17. Hard copy of operational plan	() 60. Maintenance and operations for leachate collection
13. Employees trained on operational plan	and disposal
19. Closure and post-closure plans 20. Cost estimates and financial assurance documents	() 61. Groundwater monitoring () 62. Methane gas monitoring
() 21. Incoming load inspections	•
() 22. Rejected waste loads (including hauler's name)	FINANCIAL ASSURANCE
() 23. Groundwater monitoring results	63. Cost estimate of third party closure implementation 64. Cost estimate of third party post-closure implementation
24. Methane gas monitoring results 25. Air emissions monitoring	65. Mechanism for funding closure and post-closure care
() 26. County and State inspections	otenia premiotrali
27. Personnel trained	SITING RESTRICTION () 66. 10,000 feet from turbojet aircraft sirport
23. Training program procedures 29. Inspection procedures	() 67. 5,000 feet from piston aircraft airport
() 30. Closure and post-closure plans	() 68. In a 100-year flood plain
() 31. Cost estimates and financial assurance	() 69. Measures taken to divert water flow from facility () 70. Any part of facility or expansion area in a wetland
LINER	() 71. Within 200 feet of a fault having a displacement in Holoce
() 32. Constructed with an impermeable liner system	() 72, Within "seismic impact zone"
(specify type and thickness in remarks)	73. Within landslide prone area 74. Within subsidence prone area
EXPLOSIVE GASES	() 75. Over Karst terrain or caverus
() 33. Methane gas recovery or venting system in place	76. Within expansive soils area
(apocify type in remarks)	an Troobs Canada list Company
() 34. Methane gas monitored	nv. Health Specialist Signature:



Attachment #11

Closure & Post-Closure Cost Estimate

Appendix H – Closure and Post Closure Estimate

1. Opinion of Probable Costs for Closure/Post-Closure

Opinion of Probable Costs for Closure							
Task	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost		Task Cost		
Closure							
Fill and Grade	86	AC	\$ 1,160.00	\$	99,760		
Move & Place Soil Cover (18")	208,175	CY	\$ 4.71	\$	980,504		
Move & Place Mulch Topsoil (6")	69,392	CY	\$ 4.71	\$	326,836		
Final Grading	86	AC	\$ 1,840.00	\$	158,240		
Revegetation	86	AC	\$ 1,450.00	\$	124,700		
Survey & Engineer Certification	1	LS	\$ 5,745.00	\$	5,745		
Subtotal					1,695,785		
Post-Closure Post-Closure							
Post-Closure Monitoring	30	Job	\$1,838		\$55,140		
	Subtotal				\$55,140		
	Total						